

The Bow Valley Call

Devoted to the Up-Building of Gleichen and the Development of the District Generally

Year VI, No. 16

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 10, 1913

Per Year \$1.50

PETITIONING FOR THE RELEASE OF GORDON WALKER

A petition is being circulated and largely signed by all the ranchers, farmers and prominent business men of Gleichen and district for the release of Gordon Walker generally known as "Mike", who is serving a sentence in the Lethbridge jail for assisting in stealing two colts from Otto Kerstein last spring. The petition is to be forwarded to the Minister of Justice at Ottawa.

The case is a very sad one and great sympathy is expressed with the young fellow and his parents.

Last Thursday the father of the young man arrived from the East, and first sought the CALL reporter, and briefly told his story. He said:

I am here under an assumed name for the reason that I am in great distress, and I do not want to say further than that I come from Ontario and am in a good business there. I am the father of Gordon Walker, who I learned only last Monday is in jail at Lethbridge. I secured this information through the kindness of one of your townsmen in answering a letter from us inquiring as to his whereabouts. His mother is heart-broken, and I came here to learn the facts of the case, and to see if I could do anything to help him.

Here the father broke down completely. He was told the story of the case, and then introduced to Chief Roberts, Corporal Irvine, Solicitor Corey, and Magistrates Vigar and Ostrander and others, and afterwards left to visit his son at Lethbridge. Returning to Gleichen Saturday, he found his boy had many good friends ready to help him, who suggested the petition.

The petition sets forth that Gordon Walker was well known in the Gleichen district during the past three years, that he had never before been charged with an offence, that he was a hard-working, industrious boy, who conducted himself with honesty and uprightness. He was convicted along with Wm. Boyce of stealing two unbranded colts, and committed the offence thoughtlessly and without realizing the seriousness of the offence. It shows that when he learned a warrant had been issued for his arrest he voluntarily went to the police officers at Gleichen and gave himself up. He elected to be tried by Judge Carpenter without a jury under the Speedy Trials Act, and pleading guilty consequently did not produce any evidence on his own behalf of the facts and circumstances. He has been in custody since March 8th last and the petitioners believe that he fully expiated his offence and ask that he be restored to his friends and relatives.

The readers of the CALL are all familiar with the case and it is not here necessary to again go over the details, but it may be added that "Mike" is taking his sentence very hard and that under all circumstances it would be only justice to give another chance to prove himself to be up to the time that he got into this trouble.

The Women's Auxillary of St. Andrew's Church will hold, weather permitting, a garden party in the grounds of Mrs. Jowett on Wednesday evening next, July 16th. Refreshments and sports will be provided. Admission 25c.

Gleichen Creamery Making Good

The Gleichen Creamery Association is making good this year. In fact it is now the most popular institution in the Gleichen district, and a few who two years ago cursed the CALL for advocating the organization of the Association, now admit it a good thing.

The history is that when the creamery shareholders first met nearly two years ago, there was so much dissension that a start could not be made—for the reason that it was thought the promoters were making some money. This was not denied, for the promoters were not ill, nor working for goodwill. However, a few experienced men stayed with the proposition and last year the output was nearly 4,000 pounds of butter, but in three months this year 5,950 pounds have been turned out, and for this month, July, the directors fully expect to produce not less than 5,000 pounds—or 1,000 pounds more than all of last year.

Since the opening of the creamery this year on April 1st, Secretary Mortimer gives the statement that for April, 991 pounds of butter were produced, in May 1,945 pounds, and in June 3,013 pounds. And, the butter sold so far amounts to 5,204 pounds, at good prices.

Thus it is seen that the creamery will soon be on a paying basis, although most of the business men and farmers who bought shares in the Association were not, and are not looking forward to dividends so much as they were looking toward the benefit it would be in supplying good butter and encouraging the dairy industry.

For examples of the good that is resulting let us quote one farmer and one storekeeper.

Farmer: "It is hard work milking and attending to cows, but it feels good to get a check for cream for \$60 at the end of the month."

Storekeeper: You might tell the readers of the CALL to send their cream to the Creamery, for we have more dairy butter than we know what to do with. Our customers now have the habit of asking for Gleichen Creamery butter, and no matter how good our dairy butter is they say, 'Gleichen Creamery suits us.'

Queenstown News

Come out to Queenstown and watch our grain grow.

The man who predicted a dry year has had to take it all back. It certainly did begin to look dry and grain on stubble, fall and spring plowing did not make much headway. But when the showers began to fall things took on a different appearance. It started with a hail storm Tuesday night, June 10, a narrow strip from Aasgard's store on the east to a little past the Queenstown school on the west were hailed and almost drowned out. Lucky it came so early in the season so no great harm was done outside of broken windows and some chicks killed. The following Wednesday noon a heavy shower fell that nearly flooded the district and since then it has practically rained every day and night so that the farmers have been compelled to stop plowing. But everything looks green and fine and a good crop will certainly be the result.

The Queenstown school teacher has returned from her vacation trip to Taber and school is again in full swing.

Considerable road work has already been done in Queenstown since the new municipality took a hold. The road across the lake bottom a half mile north of the Queenstown school has been graded. Road-Boss Beggs has finished with his work and Road-Boss Dietz will soon start in.

Don't forget the picnic Friday. The farmers have decided to build the dance floor themselves this year. So look out for a good time and reasonable charges.

Henry Sorenson, the farmer from Strathmore who has been continually fighting for the farmers' rights at that place, will speak at the picnic. Don't fail to hear him.

Mr. Peterson, the Queenstown well-driller, has just finished wells at Geo. Hoerle's and Wm. Smith's places, and secured water at both places.

John Glambek and wife have just returned from a vacation trip to Barons, Alta., where they went to visit some old Chicago friends now living near there. They report splendid looking crops all along the route.

Gleichen U.F.A. Meeting

(Supplied by the Secretary)

The usual monthly meeting of the local farmers was held on Saturday last in the sample room of the Palace hotel, with Pres. N. N. Hayes in the chair. A special effort was made to clear up the arrears of business and consider many new propositions affecting the members. Among these were the fresh fruit supply, for which John C. Buckley was requested to take orders and attend to ordering of same. The proposed Herd Law, which has become necessary owing to many of the large ranchers dumping their cattle around the road allowances, whereby they trespass on crops, and their carelessness in driving farmers' stock away with their own when removing them, was also discussed. Messrs. N. N. Hayes and W. D. Trego gave an account of the meeting of the Irrigation Committee at Calgary last Thursday, at which was considered the basis proposed by the Dominion government for settlement with the C.P.R., which they returned to the Department of Interior, as it was not in accord with the Irrigation law. Their action was highly commended. They also gave information regarding the Alberta Farmers' Co-operative Elevator Co., who now plan to build 37 elevators this fall instead of 20, which was the original estimate. As there are four building gangs and

Gleichen is eleventh on the list, the lumber will probably be on the ground soon. The meeting adjourned to 19th, inst., when they will consider the municipality act. It is hoped there will be a large attendance.

STANDARD HOLDS SUCCESSFUL DOMINION DAY CELEBRATION

About 500 Spectators Were on Hand and Great Interest Was Taken In Every Event. Large Crowd Takes In the Dance

(SPECIAL CALL CORRESPONDENT)

The Standard celebration was the biggest event to date in the history of the busy little burg on the Irricana branch. In spite of the condition of the roads which prevented anyone coming long distances the people of the near vicinity were all out and it is safe to say that five hundred people were here to celebrate the day.

The rainy weather prevented the ball game with Cluny and also soaked up the race course considerably so as to make it bad for the horse races and as these were two of the principal features of the day it is evident that the management was greatly handicapped.

However, some fast horses were present and four races were run. The two principle ones being a free-for-all and a pony race. In the free-for-all, Mr. Shafer won with the same horse that carried off the big money at Carbon a short time ago, and in the pony race Birt McCarty's horse was the winner.

Besides the horse races there were a number of minor sports chief among which was a number of bucking contests by the local cowpunchers, and a pig chase in which Mr. Conley succeeded in grabbing the slippery specimen. Besides these there were the customary races including a greased pole which no one was able to climb without assistance.

Nevertheless it must be said that the greatest treat of the day was reserved for those who remained for the dance in the evening. The music was furnished by the local five-piece orchestra consisting of piano violin, cornet, clarinet and flute. The members are all veterans of their own instruments and it is a fortunate coincidence that they are all assembled at Standard and vicinity at the same time. The dance was attended by over one hundred people who came to dance or to listen to the music and all agreed that no better could be had anywhere. However, the best is none to good for Standard and when the boys play here again they will no doubt receive the hearty support they deserve.

Taking all things into consideration it must be said that the day was a success and the people of Standard are pleased with the way their friends turned in to celebrate with them. All we have to say is "come again and bring your friends."

As a gentle reminder it may be well to state that quite recently a farmer was fined for throwing weeds over his fence on to the public roadway. The fact is only mentioned to warn others from committing like offences and all good farmers will be glad to know that the law is being enforced in this direction.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., L.L.D., D.C.L., President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager JOHN AIRD, Asst. General Manager
V. C. BROWN, Superintendent of Central Western Branches

CAPITAL PAID UP, \$15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, \$12,500,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. W. 4

GLEICHEN BRANCH, J. CAMERON, Manager

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

WITH WHICH IS UNITED
THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized \$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid Up 11,500,000
Reserve Fund 12,500,000
Total Assets 180,000,000

290 Branches throughout Canada.

Savings Department at all Branches.

LONDON, ENGL., OFFICE
Bank Bldgs—Princes St.

NEW YORK AGENCY
Cor. William and Cedar Sts.

GLEICHEN BRANCH: H. G. LYONS, Manager.

The Town of Gleichen, Alberta

In the Matter of the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Town of Gleichen.

TAKE NOTICE that His Honor, Judge Carpenter, Judge of the District Court of the District of Calgary has appointed Friday, the twenty-ninth (29) day of August, A. D. 1913, at the hour of 10:30 a. m., in the Court House at Calgary, for the holding of the Court of Confirmation to confirm the Tax Enforcement Return of the Town of Gleichen.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the following are interested in

NAME	ADDRESS	LOT	BLOCK	ARREARS OF TAXES
Bell, Mrs. Elizabeth	Strathcona (8th Edmonton)	41-42	H	\$ 15.80
Cameron, D. L.	"	1-2	E	17.32
Campbell, J. R.	P.O. Box 70, West Summerland, B.C.	14-15	B	31.50
Griesbach, E.	Gleichen	21-23	1	81.90
Griesbach, E.	"	27-32	2	61.42
Griesbach, E.	"	19-21	6	94.50
Griesbach, E.	"	14-17	10	47.25
Griesbach, E.	"	7-12	22	37.80
Griesbach, E.	"	18-24	C	56.70
Griesbach, E.	"	1-20	11	158.02
Holme, G. S.	Timisfail	9-11	1	60.63
Higgins, A. C.	Field, B. C.	23-24	8	28.62
Institute, Young People's	Gleichen	4-7	M	71.40
Keedling, H.	"	15-17	20	10.08
Moss, Geo., Jr.	Gleichen	9-10	A	25.20
Miller, Mrs. E.	Strathmore	8	20	9.71
Mortimer, E. G. C.	Gleichen	10-11	G	17.32
Pilant, M. J.	Gleichen	34-35	1	23.62
Snowden, T.	Outletville	6	4	78.75
Wakelield, Geo.	Calgary	25	3	46.98
Wishart, D. C.	Gleichen	21-24	3	162.63

Dated this Twelfth day of June, A. D. 1913

J. TAIT JOHNSTON,

Secretary-Treasurer of the Town of Gleichen

W. W. Winspear

General Merchant,
Namaka



Direct Importer of
Men's Furnishings and
Dry Goods

SPECIALITY:

Men's English Tweed
Suits TO MEASURE \$10

EDMONTON

EXHIBITION

August 11 to 16
1913

\$50,000.00 In
Prizes and
Purses

Entries Close July 28th
Five days good
races. Special
free attractions.
Midway Shoes.

Excursion rates on all railroads.
For prize list and all information,
Apply to
W. J. Stark, Mgr

AMENDS FOR ALL

By E. R. Punshon

Ward, Lock & Co., Limited
London, Melbourne & Toronto.

(Continued)

I am not a poet, I am only an everyday, ordinary kind of person, Thorold returned. It seems to me a plain duty to see these people do not escape punishment—and after the attempted outrage on Miss Rose last night, I am still more strongly convinced of it. Do you suppose I was a mere coincidence Joan Durand was with Miss Dora at the moment Monday attacked her?

But what are you going to do? Mayne asked uneasily.

Watch for the present, Thorold answered, I don't know more. I wish to know more—for the present I shall watch and wait, he concluded grimly, but I am very certain that they shall pay for it who robbed Frank of his life.

Robbed Frank of his life? Mayne repeated, shaking his head. Ah, no, not even God Almighty can destroy life since life is a manifestation of Himself. They changed the current of his life, perhaps, into some other form but they could not rob him of it.

Then I'll change the current of their lives into some other form, retorted Thorold roughly, and fell to pacing quickly up and down the room. Have you any idea, he asked presently, how this woman came to be in Miss Rose's company?

Why there's a strange thing about that, said Mayne holding his hand to the back of his head and looking puzzled. My head aches. I wanted to tell you about that, but my memory is so bad—it seems to have the most extraordinary blanks in it sometimes.

Best give up writing poetry, suggested Thorold. It is always after writing one of your poems you get into this dreadful, muddled state.

It is the price I have to pay, returned Mayne, but I remember now very clearly, and he went on to tell Thorold about the forged letter Dora had received asking her to call upon Mrs. and Miss Durand.

It is the most extraordinary thing I ever heard of, Mayne said when he had finished, and then on the top of it this attack upon poor Dora. Thorold, he said suddenly making for the door, I must really go and hear how she is.

My dear fellow, said Thorold, checking him again, you must wait a little—you will only upset them going at this hour, and I assure you she was not in the least hurt.

Oh, you can be cool enough about it, said Mayne indignantly, yet as before yielding to the force of the other's resolute will. If it was some woman who you loved had been treated so—but it's easy enough to see you never loved.

Never, agreed Thorold, and before his eyes, there passed a vision of a pale and lovely face with deep eyes flashing indignation at him. Ah, what is love? he said half unconsciously.

Oh, cried Wilton Mayne, it is to feel—to dream—to long—to have no other aim in life—no other thought—to lose yourself—to be lost—to long—to fantasize—to thirst—to think of nothing—to be all lost and drowned in one great sea of desire for the moment when all another's life shall be your own—your own.

Ah, no, said Thorold, and he turned a strange, white face to the poet. Oh, no, that cannot be to love, for it is like that to hate.

CHAPTER XI

The Cardboard Box

There was something in Thorold's manner as he said this, that touched the sensitive mind of the poet, and he forgot for the moment his own agitation.

ITCHY BURNING ECZEMA ON FACE

Very Bad Case. Little Blisters Broke and Formed Scabs. Thought Would Be Disfigured for Life. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment a Month. Completely Cured.

Cold Brook, St. John, N. B.—"Cuticura Soap and Ointment certainly cured my little girl of a very bad case of eczema. She had eczema on her face for almost two years. First little white blisters covered her face, then these would break and form scabs, and they were very itchy and burning. I used to have great trouble in getting her to sleep at night. She scratched so I had to do all I could to prevent her, for sometimes she would scratch the scabs off and then it would be very sore and burning. She was certainly a great case. I treated her for it and also used different kinds of blood medicine, and ointment but got no cure. I thought she would be disfigured for life."

"It had lasted about two years when one day I saw an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment in the paper so I decided to give them a trial. I had not used them for more than a month when she was completely cured. I cannot praise Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment enough. Of course I continue to use Cuticura Soap as I find it the best soap on the market for children." (Signed) Mrs. John Newman, Dec. 30, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. For a liberal free sample of each, with 32-p. book, send post card to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 30D, Boston, U. S. A.

W. N. U. 951

FLEET FOOT
Outing Shoes
For Everybody
THE PERFECT SHOE FOR SUMMER SPORTS
ASK YOUR DEALER.

tation and distress over the attack on Dora. He looked at Thorold very thoughtfully.

Perhaps there is not much difference, he mused; who knows? Well, about this forged letter. He went to the shelf within where he had placed the letter. A moment later, he turned round, his face very pale. It is not there—it is gone, he said.

But where did you put it? Thorold asked.

Here, Mayne returned, I put it here with every care and precaution imaginable. I changed the combination, and the safe has not been opened since. It is not possible that it should not be here.

In that case, said Thorold impatiently, it must be there. Look again.

With feverish haste, Mayne tumbled out the contents of the safe, looking at every article separately.

It is gone, he said when he had finished; gone from a locked safe that has not been opened since it was put in it.

Thorold only looked rather impatient. Ignorant of the extreme precautions which Mayne had adopted in putting the forged letter away, and not by any means sharing his certificate that the safe had never been opened since, he had not much sympathy with the sort of amazement and blank incredulity the other showed.

Where else could you have put it? he asked.

Nowhere, Mayne answered, it has gone from a locked safe that has never been open, and where no one knew it was except Dora and Miss Rose and myself—the thing is a blank impossibility, Thorold.

Blank impossibilities do not happen, retorted Thorold, and he cross-questioned Mayne closely, with the only result of making the disappearance of the letter more inexplicable than ever. Well, he said finally, I expect then that after all it must be somewhere among those things.

One by one Mayne took them up and together they examined each of them, making themselves quite certain that the missing letter was not there. Then Thorold, leaning forward and looking into the safe saw that there still remained in it a cardboard box tied up with string.

What is this, Mayne? he asked; it is the only thing you have not opened.

Mayne looked at it uncomfortably, and his hand went to the back of his head with the gesture he sometimes adopted when puzzled.

Why, I don't know, he muttered, I don't know.

Then had we not better look? said Thorold, and was about to untie the string when Mayne caught him by the arm with a curiously hurried and agitated gesture.

No, no, he exclaimed hurriedly. Why, what's up? asked Thorold.

Mayne looked round hesitatingly. His hand was still held to the back of his head, and he seemed laboring under a curious agitation.

I do not know, he stammered, but it seems to me that if you open that, something dreadful will happen.

My dear Mayne, cried Thorold, what do you mean?

Put it away, put it away, said Mayne and his eyes were furtive and his cheeks were pale and a perspiration stood out upon his forehead. Or something dreadful—he whispered.

Pull yourself together, said Thorold sharply. He noticed how Mayne's eyes were looking everywhere but at him, and on a sudden impulse he caught hold of his shoulder and twisted him round so as to force him to look at him. What do you mean, Mayne—do you hear me? he called loudly, aware of a singular impression that though he spoke, Mayne could not hear.

Yes, yes, Mayne answered softly, yes, I hear.

Thorold did not speak, but he continued looking into Mayne's eyes with all the force and energy of his soul burning in his intent gaze. Mayne trembled violently, and he moved his hand from the back of his head to his forehead. He shivered slightly and said, as if he were just waking from a deep slumber: Why, is it you, Thorold? What is it?

Yes, said Thorold, and still kept his gaze fixed full upon him. Now, tell me, do you not want me to open this box?

Mayne looked still very troubled and uneasy.

It seems to me, he said slowly, that we had better not.

Why not? Thorold asked.

Ah, that I do not know, said Mayne. I do not understand, said Thorold, greatly puzzled, but tell me, are you really anxious it should not be opened?

Mayne went and sat down at a little distance.

Well, why not? he muttered, only it seems to me it would be a misfortune to open it.

Have you had it long? Thorold asked.

Upon my word, Mayne answered, I do not know.

I believe you are clean off your head, or else you are trying to make a fool of me, exclaimed Thorold with angry impatience, and he flung the box on the floor.

No, open it, sighed Mayne; open it, it has been there a long time, and whenever I have tried to open it, I have always felt I must not. But open it now, Thorold, and let us see what is in it.

Thorold looked at him; and seeing he meant what he said, deliberately cut the string that tied it. He felt there was some mystery here; it might

be important to unravel, and when he had lifted the lid he saw that the box contained a Mauser repeating pistol, from which one shot had apparently been fired not long before.

Good gracious, cried Mayne staring and now speaking in quite a natural voice, what on earth is that?

I should think you ought to know? returned Thorold, looking at him oddly.

It is a pistol, said Mayne, stooping and picking it up. I never saw one of that shape before though—it is not a revolver, is it?

Don't you know? asked Thorold again.

No, what do I know of pistols? returned Mayne with a laugh, and picking it up he proceeded in his way of handling it to give such proof of entire lack of familiarity with any such weapon that Thorold in some alarm requested him to put it down.

(To be Continued)

C.P.R. TELEPHONE SERVICE

Largest Commercial Switchboard in Canada Installed at Montreal

The Bell Telephone Company has just completed the installation of a new switchboard at the C.P.R. Windsor street station at Montreal, which is the largest commercial switchboard in Canada with a capacity of twelve hundred lines. The telephone room is situated in the old tower and is well lighted and ventilated, and of such a size that it is necessary at any time to extend the switchboard, ample room for such extension is provided. In arranging this important department the company has had the comfort of the operators in mind and a special rest room has been prepared immediately above the operating room. This is furnished with easy chairs, sofas and reading and writing materials and everything has been done to make their quarters comfortable and home like. The new switchboard is what is known as the No. 4 Lamp Signal Multiple board, and has a great many improvements which were lacking in the old one, such as lamp signals, audible busy tests and lamp disconnect signals. At the present time it takes eight operators to handle the business and has an ultimate capacity for ten positions. The board has been divided into two sections the first four handling the originating business and the other four the incoming business. Each position consists of two panels making sixteen for the whole board. At the moment the board is wired for five hundred local lines and one hundred trunk lines, the limit capacity as stated being twelve hundred lines and one hundred and sixty trunk lines. There are two hundred and twenty local lines in use and fifty trunk lines which will shortly be increased by fifty and forty respectively. During one day a total of 7,180 calls were handled, an average of 800 calls per operator per day. The other day a single hour record of calls showed the handling of 1,028. This tremendous number of calls necessitates an exceedingly fine class of operators, and those at the C.P.R. under the jurisdiction of the Telephone Company have been specially and thoroughly trained in every phase of the business. The majority have had years of experience with the C.P.R. and its officials and employees. In order to properly maintain the working hours of the week a staff of twelve operators and one supervisor are needed all the time.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in presence of, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for free circular.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Coaling at Nagasaki. Coaling at Nagasaki, Japan, is done entirely by girls. Big coal barges bear down upon the ship as it approaches the shore, and as soon as it comes to anchor a rough ladder is placed between the liner and the fore-most barge.

On each rung of it a girl takes her place. Men in the barge quickly shovel the coal into shallow baskets holding half a bushel each, to the sound of a monotonous chant, and these baskets then pass from hand to hand up the living ladder with marvelous celerity.

Each girl seizes one and swings it straight up in front of her above her head, when it is caught by the next girl. Down a second ladder, likewise packed with girls, the empty baskets pass in similar manner back into the barge to be refilled.

Barge after barge is emptied in this way. The monotonous chanting never ceases; the living elevator goes on hour after hour with its never-ending stream of baskets, until the last bunker is full, when the ladders disappear as if by magic and the ship is ready to proceed on her voyage.

A Pacific mail steamer will bunker 2,300 tons of coal in six and a half hours, an average of 353 tons per hour or near six tons per minute—an almost incredible record.

A Powerful Shot. An Irishman who wasn't much of a hunter went out to hunt one day, and the first thing he saw to shoot at was a bird sitting saucily on the top of a fence. He blazed away and then walked over to pick up the victim. What he happened to find there was a dead frog, which he raised carefully at arm's length, looking at it with a puzzled air. Finally he remarked: Well, but ye was a deuce of a foine looking bird befur Ol blew the fithers off o' ye!

I have such an indulgent husband, said little Mrs. Doll.

Yes, so George says, responded Mrs. Spiffles. Sometimes he indulges in a little too much, doesn't he?

Revenge in Art. That, said the futurist, pointing proudly to the canvas with which he has just finished, is my attempt to interpret the infinite.

What did the infinite ever do to you? asked the innocent bystander.

A Slice of Ill Luck. The Patient—Ere, nurse, I don't like my bread buttered on both sides.

The Nurse—But it isn't buttered on both sides.

The Patient—Then which side is buttered?

Schoolmistress—Master Isaac, what wrong did the brothers of Joseph commit when they sold their brother?

Isaac—They sold him too cheap.

Men frequently see visions—of the blonde or brunette type.

GOOD FOR THE HANDS
SNAP
Antiseptic Hand Cleaner
Softens and whitens the hands—removes the most obstinate stains—oil, grease, paint, etc.
ASK YOUR DEALER
SNAP COMPANY, LIMITED, Montreal.

The Woman's Pledge
I will not sew a bird upon my hat; Around my neck I will not wind a cat; Upon my back no pony, coon or bear, No fox nor beaver will I wear!

I will not kill the pig within the pen To make my food, nor will I eat a hen, I'll rob no snake nor lizard of its skin To make a bag to keep my money in.

I'll live and let live all my earthly days; The bird and fowl shall go their peaceful ways. I'll fill my stomach with potatoes, bread, And wear—What will I wear upon my head?

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited. Yarmouth, N.S.

Gentlemen.—In January last, Francis Leclair, one of the men employed by me, working in the lumber woods, had a free fall on him, crushing him fearfully. He was, when found, placed on a sled and taken home, where grave fears were entertained for his recovery, his hips being badly bruised and his body turned black from his ribs to his feet. We used MINARD'S LINIMENT on him freely to deaden the pain and with the use of three bottles he was completely cured and able to return to his work.

SAUVEUR DUVAL, Elgin Road, L'Islet Co., Que.

Ella (siftfully)—Their marriage was nothing but a trade union. Sophie—A trade union?

Ella—Yes; she traded her money for his title.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss. Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the city of Toledo, Ohio, and State of Ohio, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in presence of, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for free circular.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Coaling at Nagasaki. Coaling at Nagasaki, Japan, is done entirely by girls. Big coal barges bear down upon the ship as it approaches the shore, and as soon as it comes to anchor a rough ladder is placed between the liner and the fore-most barge.

On each rung of it a girl takes her place. Men in the barge quickly shovel the coal into shallow baskets holding half a bushel each, to the sound of a monotonous chant, and these baskets then pass from hand to hand up the living ladder with marvelous celerity.

Each girl seizes one and swings it straight up in front of her above her head, when it is caught by the next girl. Down a second ladder, likewise packed with girls, the empty baskets pass in similar manner back into the barge to be refilled.

Barge after barge is emptied in this way. The monotonous chanting never ceases; the living elevator goes on hour after hour with its never-ending stream of baskets, until the last bunker is full, when the ladders disappear as if by magic and the ship is ready to proceed on her voyage.

A Pacific mail steamer will bunker 2,300 tons of coal in six and a half hours, an average of 353 tons per hour or near six tons per minute—an almost incredible record.

A Powerful Shot. An Irishman who wasn't much of a hunter went out to hunt one day, and the first thing he saw to shoot at was a bird sitting saucily on the top of a fence. He blazed away and then walked over to pick up the victim. What he happened to find there was a dead frog, which he raised carefully at arm's length, looking at it with a puzzled air. Finally he remarked: Well, but ye was a deuce of a foine looking bird befur Ol blew the fithers off o' ye!

I have such an indulgent husband, said little Mrs. Doll.

Yes, so George says, responded Mrs. Spiffles. Sometimes he indulges in a little too much, doesn't he?

Revenge in Art. That, said the futurist, pointing proudly to the canvas with which he has just finished, is my attempt to interpret the infinite.

What did the infinite ever do to you? asked the innocent bystander.

A Slice of Ill Luck. The Patient—Ere, nurse, I don't like my bread buttered on both sides.

The Nurse—But it isn't buttered on both sides.

The Patient—Then which side is buttered?

Schoolmistress—Master Isaac, what wrong did the brothers of Joseph commit when they sold their brother?

Isaac—They sold him too cheap.

Men frequently see visions—of the blonde or brunette type.

Studying Eastern Slope Forests

The Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior is, this summer, continuing the study of the forest conditions of the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, which was begun a couple of seasons ago by Mr. T. W. Dwight, M.F.

The result of Mr. Dwight's investigation has lately been published in pamphlet form by the Branch as their bulletin No. 23, entitled "Forest Conditions in the Rocky Mountains Forest Reserve." The forest reserve mentioned, it will be remembered, comprises the entire eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains, from the international boundary to a point farther north than the latitude of Edmonton. The study takes in only the southern part of the reserve.

In the bulletin referred to, Mr. Dwight describes the trees of the region and discusses the effect on them of altitude, aspect and other conditions. He also goes into the effect of fires, lumbering and other factors on the forest and its growth. Methods of lumbering are also discussed, with the idea always in mind of renewing the forest and getting a second crop of timber. Methods followed on the United States "National Forests" in Montana are described in this connection, and the bulletin concludes with a number of tables of a technical nature, showing, among other details, the yield to be expected from forests of the various types. A number of half-tone cuts are used to illustrate the bulletin.

Copies may be obtained gratis from the Director of Forestry, Ottawa.

I had to kill my dog this morning. Was he mad?

Well, he didn't seem any too well pleased.

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR THE SPRING

Don't Use Harsh Purgatives—A Tonic is All You Need.

Not exactly sick—but not feeling quite well. That is the way most people feel in the spring. Easily tired, appetite fickle, sometimes headaches, and a feeling of depression. Pimples or eruptions may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble.

Do not dose yourself with purgatives, as so many people do, in the hope that you can put your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. Any doctor will tell you this is true. What you need in spring is a tonic that will make new blood and build up the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only medicine that can do this speedily, safely and surely. Every dose of this medicine makes new blood which clears the skin, strengthens the appetite and makes tired, depressed men, women and children bright, active and strong. Mrs. Maude Bagg, Lemberg, Sask., says: "I can unhesitatingly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a blood builder and tonic. I was very much run down when I began using the Pills, and a few boxes fully restored my health."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Some little girls were boasting of their respective families. They had passed from clothes to personal appearance, and finally came to parental dignity. The minister's little girl boasted:

Every package that comes for my papa is marked D.D.

And every package that comes for my daddy is marked M.D., retorted the daughter of the physician.

Then followed a look of contempt from the youngest of the party. Huh! she exclaimed, that's nothing; every package that comes to our house has three letters on it—C.O.D.

For years Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has ranked as the most effective preparation manufactured, and it always maintains its reputation.

Pa, was Job a doctor? Not that I know of. Then why do people have so much to say about the patients of Job?

Small Edna noticed that her mother's hands were chapped, and exclaimed:

Oh, mamma, just look! You are all wearing out!

When Professor Rokitsanski, of Vienna, was asked if he had any sons, he answered: Four.

And what professions have they chosen?

Two howl and two heal, was the laconic reply.

A couple of his sons were public singers and the other two were doctors.

"BLOOD IS THICKER THAN WATER"

Without good red blood a man has a weak heart and poor nerves. Thinness of the blood, or anemia, is common in young folks as well as old. Especially is it the case with those who work in filthy ventilated factories—or those who are shut up indoors in winter time with a coal stove burning up the oxygen or emitting carbonic (acid) gas. This blood, or blood which lacks the red blood corpuscles, in anemic people may have been caused by lack of good fresh air breathed into lungs, or by poor digestion or dyspepsia. Sometimes people suffer intense pain over the heart which is not heart disease at all, but caused by indigestion. Whatever the cause, there's just one remedy that you can turn to—knowing that it has given satisfaction for over 40 years.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

Is a blood cleanser and alterative that starts the liver and stomach into vigorous action. It thus assists the body to manufacture rich red blood which feeds the heart—nerves—brain and organs of the body. The organs work smoothly like machinery running in oil. You feel clean, strong and vigorous instead of tired, weak and faint. Nowadays you can obtain Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery Tablets, as well as the liquid form from all medicine dealers, or tablets by mail, prepaid in \$1 or 50c size. Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. PIERCE'S GREAT 1008 PAGE ILLUSTRATED COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVISER WILL BE SENT FREE, CLOTH BOUND FOR 50 ONE-CENT STAMPS.

Feeling Out Of Sorts?



A Dose of **Abbey's Liver Salt**

will set you right. Its invigorating action on the liver and digestive organs will clear your brain and give you a new interest in work or play.

Take A Bottle Home To-day.

At all Druggists

Price 25¢ 60¢

Home-Grown Tablecloth

The Bishop of Richmond, England, used to tell this story about his father: He was a farmer, and a nice old gentleman, too. One year he took it into his head to grow flax, so he sowed the seed, and having a good crop, sent it away to be made into a tablecloth.

Some time later, when seated at dinner, he remarked to a lady near him: Do you know, I grew this tablecloth myself.

Did you really? she answered, with the greatest surprise. How ever did you manage it?

Well, most mysteriously, if you'll promise not to tell anyone, I'll tell you. I planted a napkin.

Small but Potent.—Purmac's Vegetable Pills are small, but they are effective in action. Their fine qualities as a corrector of stomach troubles are known to thousands and they are in constant demand everywhere by those who know what a safe and simple remedy they are. They need no introduction to those acquainted with them, but to those who may not know them they are presented as the best preparation on the market for disorders of the stomach.

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Every Monday Evening at 8
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Visiting brethren cordially invited.
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R. A. BROWN Recording Secretary.

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EXPRESS
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--CARTAGE--

Having taken
over Mr. McCarty's interest I am
prepared to give
customers
Prompt
Attention
to all orders they
may favor me
with and will
guarantee satisfaction

No order too large or
small for close attention

Wm. McConnell

**FIVE LARGE CITIES
AND THEIR GROWTH**

Development of Industrial Life in
Winnipeg, Portage la Prairie, Brandon,
Calgary and Edmonton

Of five Western cities for which
census figures are available, namely,
Winnipeg, Brandon, Portage la Prairie,
Edmonton and Calgary, Winnipeg
as might be expected heads the list
both in number of establishments and
value of products manufactured
though the other cities are also making
remarkable progress in factory
development.

The following are the statistics by
cities for the census year 1911.
Winnipeg—Establishments, 177;
capital, \$26,024,350; employees, 11,706;
wages, \$7,614,646; cost of material,
\$18,428,726; value of products, \$23,
699,359.

Calgary—Establishments, 46, capital,
\$12,082,896; employees, 2,138; wages,
\$1,569,889; cost of material, \$4,680,418;
value of products, \$7,761,418.
Edmonton—Establishments, 40;
capital, \$3,816,120; employees, 1,550;
wages, \$1,007,724; cost of material,
\$2,586,046; value of products, \$4,
495,304.

Brandon—Establishments, 29; capital,
\$3,012,115; employees, 830; wages,
\$571,970; cost of material, \$1,060,339;
value of products, \$2,380,480.
Portage la Prairie—Establishments,
18; capital, \$2,702,070; employees,
341; wages, \$210,229; cost of material,
\$1,482,37; value of products, \$3,583,
084.

Of the Manitoba cities Brandon's in-
crease is quite as gratifying in pro-
portion. From 12 industrial establish-
ments in 1900 and 28 in 1905 there
has been an expansion to 39 in 1911,
while the volume of her products have
increased from \$581,337 in 1900 and
\$2,097,995 in 1905 to \$2,330,430, al-
though it would be seen that Bran-
don's increases in output has not been
nearly so great for the past five years
as has Winnipeg's, still the increase
for the decade has been very satis-
factory. Portage la Prairie had four
establishments in 1900, 11 in 1905, and
18 in the 1911 census. The value of
her products has increased from \$800,
000 in 1900 to \$3,500,000 in 1911, a
larger increase than Brandon.

During the decade the number of
Edmonton's industrial establishments
has jumped from 8 to 40 and the
volume of her products from \$243,778
to \$4,500,000, or over 200 per cent.

Calgary has increased her estab-
lishments from 10 to 46 since 1900 and
the volume of her products from
\$500,000 to \$7,750,000, or about 150
per cent. During the past five years
alone, Calgary has trebled her out-
put of industrial concerns.

FRENCH TRADE POLICY

Agriculture Developed When Its Pro-
ducts Were Protected

From the time of Napoleon down to
about 1885 the trade policy of
France fluctuated greatly. At times it
was strongly protectionist while at
other times it seemed to be under
the influence of the free trade move-
ment. In 1852 a general French tariff
took effect, which while freeing raw
materials, and taxing half-manufac-
tured articles moderately, increased
the duties on live stock, fresh meats,
and other agricultural products. Even
yet manufacturers were not protected
to any extent. The agricultural depres-
sion about that time led to the Acts
of 1885 and 1887, in which much
higher duties were imposed on wheat,
flour, rye, barley, oats, cattle, sheep,
pigs and fresh meat. The aim of the
government was to preserve for the
French peasant his large and profit-
able home market, free from the in-
roads of German and other products.
In 1892 further protection was ex-
tended to agricultural products. The
protection and encouragement given
to the French farmers not only direct-
ly benefited the peasantry but greatly
added to the wealth of the nation.
Nearly every foot of soil is extreme-
ly well cultivated in France. Many
people have been kept on the soil,
thus preventing the overcrowding of
cities and the struggle for places
among laborers in industrial centres
which would have occurred had France
pursued the English policy of opening
her ports to the free admission of
farm products of other countries, and
ruined and impoverished her agricul-
turalists. Instead of that, her rural
population was given an opportunity
to produce and sell in French mar-
kets vegetables, poultry, dairy pro-
ducts and everything which could be
produced by French farmers. The
steady development of agriculture,
which immediately followed protec-
tion to agriculture has been most fully
indicated.

**WESTERN STATES
AND FACTORIES**

Industrial Development Which is Sure
to be Duplicated in the Cana-
dian West

Many Canadian writers and public
speakers have asserted that conditions
in Western Canadian provinces to-day
with respect to the manufacturing in-
dustry are almost identical with those
that prevailed in the Middle Western
United States a generation ago and it
is predicted that industrial develop-
ment in Western Canada in the next
generation will duplicate that of the
Western States in the last thirty-
years. Fifty years ago there was
practically no manufacturing west of
the Atlantic States, but to-day Wis-
consin, Minnesota, Indiana, Illinois and
neighboring states are in the forefront
in manufacturing. The following ex-
tracts from the United States census
of 1910 are significant of what is in
store for the Canadian West.

"Milwaukee, with a population of
373,857, is the only city in the state
of Wisconsin having a population
of over 50,000, but 17 cities,
Superior, Racine, Oshkosh, La
Crosse, Sheboygan, Madison, Greer,
Bay, Kenosha, Fond du Lac, Wa-
clair, Appleton, Wausau, Beloit,
Marquette, Janesville, Manitowoc and
Ashland have a population of over
10,000 but less than 50,000. These
18 cities contain 32.3 per cent. of the
total population of the state, and
were credited with 61.8 per cent. of
the total value of its manufactures
in 1909. Only 10.8 per cent. of the
population of the state in 1909 re-
sided in cities having between 2,500
and 10,000 inhabitants.

"While Wisconsin is largely an
agricultural state, the advance in the
relative importance of its manufac-
turing industries, as measured by
value of products, has been marked.
In 1849 it ranked nineteenth among
the states in this respect, while in
1909 it occupied eighth place. Dur-
ing 1849 the manufacturing industries
of the state gave employment to an
average of 6,059 wage earners, repre-
senting 2 per cent. of the total popu-
lation, as against an average of 182,58
wage earners, or 7.8 per cent. of the
total population in 1909. During the
period the gross value of products
of the total population of the state
increased from \$30 to \$253. The
proportion which the manufactures of
Wisconsin represented of the total
value of the products of manufac-
turing industries in the United States
was nine-tenths of 1 per cent. in 1849,
as against 2.9 per cent. in 1909.

The following table gives the most
important figures relative to all clas-
ses of manufactures combined or 90
together with the percentages of in-
crease from census to census:

State	Year	No. of Estab's	Value of Products
Wisconsin	1909	9,721	\$390,060,000
"	1899	7,841	\$26,753,000
Minnesota	1909	5,561	49,000,000
"	1899	4,093	123,300,000
Idaho	1909	725	12,000,000
"	1899	237	3,010,000
S. Dakota	1909	1,010	17,000,000
"	1899	654	9,300,000
N. Dakota	1909	752	9,380,000
"	1899	237	6,600,000
Montana	1909	677	73,272,000
"	1899	375	51,745,000
Colorado	1909	2,031	120,014,000
"	1899	1,233	89,038,000
Illinois	1909	18,261	1,191,700,000
"	1899	14,374	1,120,898,000
Indiana	1909	7,919	579,975,000
"	1899	7,128	337,072,000
Iowa	1909	5,578	159,138,000
"	1899	4,823	1,237,000,000
Kansas	1909	3,435	225,000,000
"	1899	2,299	164,009,000
Missouri	1909	8,375	574,111,000
"	1899	6,853	316,340,000
Nebraska	1909	2,500	199,079,000
"	1899	1,695	120,020,000

CANADIAN BONDS

The Industrial Variety Has Become a
First Class Investment

The general public purchased ex-
tensively the bonds of industrial es-
tablishments in the last two or three
years. Industrial Canada discussing
this new development in Canadian
finance says:
"Certain Canadian industrial bonds
have become first class investments
and are competing with the reliable
first mortgage in the absorption of
ready money. Not many years ago it
was almost impossible to float indus-
trial bonds. Why the change? The reason
is not hard to discover. Since the
baleful shadow of Free Trade has been
removed, great industries have de-
veloped into prosperous maturity.
They are well managed, and well
financed. Their promises to pay are
as good as bank notes. During the
last ten years the manufactured pro-
ducts of Canada have increased in
value by 142 per cent. Such a rate
of increase enhances the assets of the
manufacturer. His bonds are good
and are in demand."

A. Whiteley

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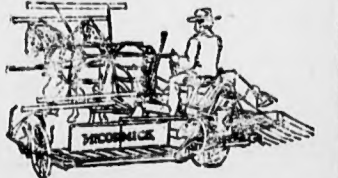
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of farmers. We handle it because we
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repairs. Call and look our line over and learn
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moments of your time, and when you are in
need of new farm machines or repairs for McCor-
mick machines, you will know that we are ready to
serve you. We will be only too glad to show you
the McCormick line of farm machines, and we want
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particular machine in which
you are inter-
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Highest Market Prices
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Gleichen Exhibition Prize List, Thurs. and Fri., August 7 & 8

Association Rules

1—The annual membership fee shall be one dollar. Entrance to exhibition ground, 25c; children over six years of age, 10c. Live stock exhibitors will be furnished with the necessary passes for attendants free.

2—Entries must be in the hands of the secretary not later than Wednesday, August 6th, 1913, at 6 p.m. Entries should be made on the printed entry forms, which may be had on application to the secretary. No entry will be accepted unless accompanied by the proper fees. Entry tickets may be obtained from the office on the grounds when exhibits are brought in.

3—The Society will in no case be responsible for any loss or damage that may occur to any animal or article entered for competition.

4—No animal suffering from any contagious or infectious disease will be allowed on the grounds.

5—Live stock entries must be made in the name of the bonafide owner.

6—All grains, roots and vegetables must have been grown by exhibitor during 1913.

7—Pedigrees of registered animals must be furnished to the judges if called for.

8—The Society will in no case become

responsible for any special prize offered.

9—The directors shall have power to decide all protests and withhold prizes if they are of the opinion that it is just to do so. They shall also have power to interpret the rules and make new rules if the printed rules do not cover any dispute or point which may be brought up. They may also take action without a protest being made.

10—After having completed their work the judges shall sign the awards, which must then be handed to the secretary.

11—When an entry has been made under a wrong class, the judges shall have power to change the entry; and if an exhibitor is in doubt as to the classification he shall have the privilege of requesting the judge to advise him as to the proper classification, providing this is done before judging has commenced.

12—Any exhibitor lodging a protest must do so within one hour after the judging is completed. Said protest must be in writing and must state the cause of protest. It may be handed either to the secretary or to the director in charge and must be accompanied by a deposit fee equal in value to the first prize in the protested event. In case the protest is not sustained the deposit will be forfeited to the Society.

13—Any person interfering in any way with the judges shall forfeit any premiums to which

he might otherwise be entitled.

14—In case of insufficient competition the judges will, at their discretion, withhold prizes or only award prizes according to the quality of the exhibit.

15—In case of insufficient prize money prizes shall be paid pro rata. The sum of one dollar will be deducted from all exhibitors winning \$3 or over, said dollar to pay for membership fee for 1914. Prize money will be paid by cheque as soon as possible after August 15th.

16—The directors in charge of departments shall supervise placing of exhibits in their respective departments.

17—All exhibits must be in place for judging not later than 10 a.m. on the opening day of the fair, August 7th. No stock shall be removed from the grounds before 5 p.m., August 7th, without special permission from the director in charge. Exhibits in the main building must remain till 5 p.m., August 8th.

18—Upon the discovery of any fraud, deception or dishonest practice, which may have affected the decision of the judges, the directors shall have power to withhold the award and may prohibit the offending party from exhibiting in any class for one or more years, and may also publish the names of such parties, if deemed expedient.

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Mr. Geo. A. Anthony was a former proprietor of the Gleichen Hotel and his name is a guarantee of first-class service.

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Shearing 12,000 Sheep at Crowfoot

Experts Shearing 600 Every Day

(SPECIAL CALL CORRESPONDENT)

The wool is now flying in earnest at Crowfoot. The reason is that 600 sheep are being sheared daily. Very few people at Gleichen or Crowfoot realize that there is one of the biggest ranches in Western Canada at Crowfoot. This is the Bar U ranch, owned by the Western Horse Ranchers, Ltd., and managed by Bert Muckle. It comprises over 16,000 acres, and counting this year's lambs, carries between 11,000 and 12,000 head. As fast as the herds can be driven in they are coming under the shearers' hands.

In a large, low shed eight of these men are now hard at work from sunrise to sunset clipping the fleeces from the wearers' backs. They are all experts, these knights of the shears and banded backs, and can easily account for their 80 or 90 each per day. The crackerjack member of the gang is stated to be able to take off 150, any day; he can almost do it with his eyes shut. One shearer was timed on a big buck carrying a fleece that when weighed, turned the scale at fourteen pounds. He seized the animal, which was distinctively above the average size, threw it, got it into position between his feet and his knees, and began. Up the throat, over the head, down the back, along the legs, then up close under the belly, while the wool fell in one continuous fleecy piece. Finally he threw the buck clear, tied up the wool, and pitched it into the next

pen—and from start to finish this performance occupied him just six minutes and twenty-five seconds. As someone said at the time, this was quicker than an average stenographer could write out a letter on a typewriter.

The sheep, free from their encumbrances, and looking rather like newly peeled potatoes, are then driven into another pen, where they are marked. Some are to be kept, these are marked in a particular way; others are to be killed, these again are distinguished by the Bar U mark, although they themselves do not realize the significance of the difference.

The wool is sorted in almost as quick time by an expert who hails from Australia, where the wool business has attained enormous proportions. He can tell at a glance just what grade the wool is, and throws it into crates accordingly. After that it is soured in hot water and soap for ten minutes to remove the winter's dirt, and then in cold and then dried.

The company figure on shipping 32,000 pounds of wool to London this summer. They also are laying off about 5,000 animals for mutton, and will probably dispose of them in Calgary. The scale on which they have entered the sheep business is very large, as may be gleaned from the fact that just now they are raising what will give some 1500 tons of oats for green feed throughout next winter.

Winfield Foxton, of Carlstadt, was here last week buying horses.

TROTTER STALLION FOR SERVICE

The Prize-Winning Stallion
BARON CHIMES
WILL STAND FOR THE SEASON
1913 At
J. H. RILEY'S, Blacksmith Shop
GLEICHEN

He is registered under the rules of the American Trotting Register as follows: 28003 Baron Chimes, (6) b. h. foal 1890; by Chimes, 5348; dam Mayetta, by Baron Wilks, 4578; grand dam Augustine by Pancoat, 3149, etc.

Baron Chimes, 28003, time 2:16 (Sire of 8 in the 2:20 list); by Chimes (Sire of 81 in the 2:30 list and 4 in the 2:00 list); he by Electioneer (with dams of 131 and sires of 160 in the 2:30 list); he is by Hamiltonian 10 the world's famous sire for speed. First dam Jenny Hinman, the dam of Brian Brau who won the Canadian Futurity in Toronto in 1902 (open to the Dominion); Anni V 2155; Grace B 224; Jenny Hinman Vol. XVI by Naaman 7264, 2nd dam Katie Robinson by Ashi and Patchen 48 and others.

CERTIFICATE
The pedigree of the trotting stallion Baron Chimes 28,003 is described as follows: Breed standard; color, bay; foaled in the year 1890, has been examined in the Department, and I hereby certify that the said stallion is of pure breeding, and is registered in a stud book recognized by the Department.

Dated at Edmonton, Alberta, this 31st day of January, 1911.

George Haveront
Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

Terms on application to
J. H. RILEY, Proprietor

LUMBER and COAL

Anything and Everything required in Building Always in Stock

W. Stuart & Co.

Yard near Palace Hotel, Gleichen.

COAL DEPOT Open in C.P.R. Yards

Office Gleichen street and Third ave., Gleichen, Alberta

THE ALBERTA TRANSFER, Ltd

A. S. Wood, Manager

Successors to G. W. Hunter

The Best Cartage System in Gleichen

Every Class of Work Carefully and Promptly Handled

Headquarters for COAL

For Steam and Domestic Use

Sole Agents For



Galt Lump Coal,
Anthracite Lump
Coal
Anthracite Nut
Coal
and Briquettes

The Best For all Domestic Purposes

THE SARNIA

Pool Room and

Bowling Alleys

The Alleys are of the famous Brunswick-Balke-Cohen-

der Co. make, and three in number

The TABLES are the Most Modern

A Full Supply of

Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos

Will Always be Kept

Remember the Manager's name—JACK JAMES

JUST TO REMIND YOU

That we are here to give your orders our prompt attention, no order too small or too large. Study over the following lines and prices. We know they will please you.

Tuxedo brand	50 cents per lb.
House special blend coffee	35 "
Red rose tea, black	50 "
Blue Ribbon tea, green	45 "
Tuxedo jellies, 3 pks	25 "
Heinz' Chili sauce, India relish tomato catsup, sweet gherkins and sweet mixed pickles.	35 cents per bot.

Buchanan's Imported Jams

Strawberry and raspberry, 5 pounds.....30 cents per tin

E. D. Smith's, Canned Goods

Corn, peas and beans	15 cents per tin
Tomatoes	20 "
Peaches, pears, strawberries and raspberries	25 "
Plums	15 "
Purity Flour 100 pounds \$3.50 for cash only	

A trial order will convince you that QUALITY and PRICES are right

S. A. HALL

How To Kill Gophers Quick, Sure, Cheap

The next time you are in town, visit this store and we'll tell you all about Mickelson's Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Poison. You will be interested because it means an increase of \$50 to \$100 on every 40 acres of grain you sow.

Mickelson's Kill-Em-Quick Gopher Poison is guaranteed—your money back if it fails to do as you expect. It's the surest, quickest, cheapest way to kill every gopher on your farm. There is so much to tell you about it that we want you to come—for your own sake.

The prices are 50c, 75c and \$1.25 per box. The \$1.25 box contains twice as much as the 75c box and is enough to kill 4,000 gophers

.....FOR SALE AT.....

Gleichen Pharmacy

GET YOUR CANADIAN HOME FROM THE CANADIAN PACIFIC

Wonderfully fertile land is offered for sale by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company at prices ranging from \$11 to \$30 per acre. There is no better agricultural land than this virgin Canadian soil. It is unsurpassed for all forms of agriculture, including grain growing, stock raising, dairying, poultry culture, vegetable growing, and general mixed farming. The lands are convenient to railways and markets, and are located in a country of low taxation and delightful climate.

TWENTY YEARS TO PAY

Under the Company's new policy no land is sold to speculators, but only to those who will occupy and improve it. The terms of sale are now one-twentieth cash and the balance spread over twenty years, with interest at six per cent per annum.

ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS

Under certain conditions the Company will advance a loan of \$2000 to new settlers to be used in erecting a house and barn, fencing the land and sinking a well. This loan is repayable on the same terms as the purchase price.

For illustrated literature, maps and full particulars, apply to,

Department of Natural Resources,
Canadian Pacific Railway,
CALGARY, ALBERTA

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Beuthood



Clark's Pork & Beans

Quality, flavour, and perfect cooking. The maximum of nourishment and palatability. Just heat—then serve minimum trouble and cost.

CLARK'S PORK & BEANS

STRAYED

from the X Ranch Corral a wall-eyed Pinto Broncho with a Roman nose and lightning heels. We have issued a humorous descriptive circular of this remarkable broncho with illustrations of his antics. Sent free on application to any reader of this paper. This is the most famous circular ever printed in the English language. More than half a million copies have already been distributed to advertise our famous Pinto Shell gloves made from tough Bronco hides. For a free copy send postal to:

HUDSON BAY KNITTING CO.
Canada's Expert Glove and Mitt Makers,
MONTREAL.

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "Otto Higel" Piano Action

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS. Something better than linen and no laundry bills. Wash with Soap and Water. All stores, or direct. State style and size. For 25c. we will mail you. THE ARLINGTON CO. OF CANADA, Limited. 53 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

BEST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

Mrs. Wislow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Wislow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

FEMALE HELP WANTED

LADIES WANTED—To do work at home; decorating cushion tops; can make from \$3 to \$5 per day; pleasant work. Armour Art Co., Dept. N. 43 Steele Bldg., Winnipeg.

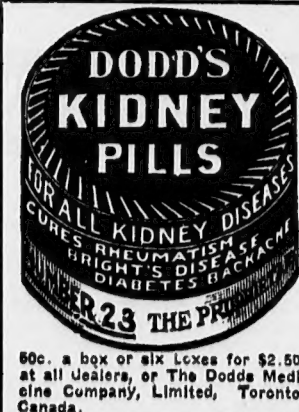
It's been stolen a saw, and on his trial he told the judge that he only took it for a joke.

How far did you carry it? Inquired the judge.

Two miles, answered the prisoner. Ah! that is carrying a joke too far, said the judge, and the prisoner was sentenced to jail for three months.

No matter what the sages say When life is rough and full of bumps There's nothing that can smooth the way Like holding hands when hearts are trumps.

Lots of family trees bear lemons.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES. RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, DIABETES, BACKACHE.

R23 THE PR

50c. a box or six boxes for \$2.50, at all Dealers, or The Dodge Medicine Company, Limited, Toronto, Canada.

W. N. U. 951

The Ten Demands

For boiled-down worldly wisdom it would be difficult to surpass the Ten Demands hanging in the dining-room used by the staff of a big draper's in the West end of London, England.

- 1.—Don't lie. It wastes my time and yours. I am sure to catch you in the end, and that is the wrong end.
- 2.—Watch your work, not the clock. A long day's work makes a long day short, and a short day's work makes my face long.
- 3.—Give more than I expect, and I will give you more than you expect. I can afford to increase your pay if you increase my profits.
- 4.—You owe so much to yourself you cannot afford to owe anybody else. Keep out of debt, or keep out of my shop.
- 5.—Dishonesty is never an accident. Good men, like good women, never see temptation when they meet it.
- 6.—Mind your own business, and in time you'll have a business of your own to mind.
- 7.—Don't do anything here which hurts your self-respect. An employee who is willing to steal for me is willing to steal from me.
- 8.—It is none of my business what you do at night. But if dissipation affects what you do the next day, and you do half as much as I demand, you'll last half as long as you hoped.
- 9.—Don't tell me what I'd like to hear, but what I ought to hear. I don't want a valet for my vanity. I want one for my money.
- 10.—Don't kick if I kick. If you're worth while correcting you're worth while keeping. I don't waste time cutting specks out of rotten apples.

Submarine Fiddling

Submarine fiddling is the latest device adopted by the United States navy to make more effective its means of communication during time of war.

The phrase tersely describes the plan employed for signalling from submarine torpedo boats when operating either on or under the surface. On one side of the vessel are two steel projections, to each end of which is fastened a tightly-stretched wire that rests against the roughened rim of the wheel.

When the wheel revolves the wire is set in vibration as a violin string is agitated when a bow is drawn across it. The wheel which plays the part of a bow is connected by a shaft with an electric motor, and the motor is controlled by a Morse telegraph key. When the key is pressed the wheel instantly begins to revolve and the wire is caused to vibrate.

Any operator may use the key precisely as he would an ordinary telegraph key, and vibrations are set up in the wire corresponding to the dots and dashes of the Morse system. The receiver may be placed under water off shore and connected by ordinary telephone wires with a fort or station on land.

The invention was carefully tested on a submarine torpedo boat at Hampton Roads, and it was found that the vibration of the wire could be detected at a distance of five miles, an ordinary telephone receiver being employed to catch the message, which was transmitted from a station on shore.

There are many curious jobs to be found in London, but few people would know where to find the loneliest man in London. England. This is undoubtedly Watchman Gerrard of the District Railway, who for many years has been in charge of the subterranean passage running between South Kensington Station and the South Kensington and Victoria and Albert Museums. The tunnel, which is half a mile in length, is used by very few people—one per hour, perhaps passing through—and on these the watchman keeps his eye.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"

That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

Wire Fence With a History

Everything has a history more or less, either interesting or otherwise, but one is not likely to think of anything unusually interesting being associated with an ordinary wire fence.

On a farm about three miles to the north of Strathaven there is, however, a fence with a somewhat interesting history. It is constructed with part of the wires which at one time connected our country with the Continent of America. When the present Atlantic cable was laid down the old cable was taken up and the wires of which it was composed were exposed for sale. A farmer, who at that time occupied one of the Cairnduff farms in the district, purchased a considerable quantity of the wire, and used it for fencing purposes on his farm.

There is nothing particular in the appearance of the fence to attract the attention of the casual observer, but there it stands a relic of the ocean—part of the great cable which at one time lay at the ocean's depths, stretching between Britain and America, and over which messages were flashed—now serving to do duty in fencing the lands of the farm.

Doctor (to anxious husband and father)—All the baby wants is some good milk, and take care that it always comes from the same cow. As for the mother, there's nothing really the matter with her, only a little weakness, that's all. And she'll soon pick up if she has every day some underdone beefsteak.

Anxious Husband—From the same ox, doctor?

Tourist (to native)—What is the object of greatest interest in your town, sir?

Native—Well, I should say, Old Solomons, the money-lender is.

I could have done better than marry you. You bring that question up at inopportune times, my dear. Suppose we place a regular weekly evening on the calendar to be devoted to its discussion.

Get the blunt man to come right to the point.

Slighted Johnson

Men who become suddenly rich should be judged leniently. They have many temptations from which the rest of us are happily delivered. Mr. John Johnson, a man of this class was desirous to be known as a literary turn of mind, and to that end proceeded to purchase a library. One of his purchases was an old dictionary, which, being somewhat out of repair, was sent to the binders. When it was returned to the purchaser he found printed on its back the words: Johnson's Dictionary. The slight threw him into a furious passion, and he demanded of the messenger—

Why didn't you put the full name on, John Johnson's Dictionary?

Up and Down

She saved no bite nor sup for him—She knew the flowing cup for him Was making bright The hours of night While she sat up for him!

He came. She cast a frown on him—Crushed was his top-hat's crown on him; And Oh, he would That he'd been good When she sat down on him!

In all the Swiss Universities women are admitted as matriculated students and share the same privileges as men. Similar treatment is meted out to them in France; in Russia, by a recent decree, no more women are to be allowed to matriculate, but there is a different spirit in Finland where about 500 women students are at attendance at the University of Helsingfors, and are on an absolute equality with men. In Denmark, Norway, and Sweden there is no barrier against women.

BABY'S BATTLES.

Baby's battles for health are many. The precious little life is in constant danger from the many ills that afflict little ones such as constipation, indigestion, colic, diarrhoea, etc., and unless the mother guards her little ones against these troubles serious results may follow. Baby's Own Tablets is the best medicine to fight baby's battles. They are a mild laxative that will regulate the stomach and bowels and will thus ward off sickness and will keep baby happy, healthy and strong. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Wilton Lackage, the player has a story of an animal show in the west where the principal feature of the programme was billed as "The Happy Family," the said family consisting of a lion, a tiger, a puma, and a lamb. Some one in conversation with the proprietor of the show asked how long these animals had lived together. Quite confidentially the proprietor replied:

About eight months, I think, but the lamb has to be renewed occasionally.

While passing an old-fashioned inn in Scotland some tourists were attracted by an aged bagpiper, who was tooting atrocious sounds through an instrument that was both dilapidated and squeaky.

Great Jericho, Sandy! exclaimed one in desperation. Why don't you have your bagpipes repaired?

Th. old man ceased playing and looked up in astonishment.

Have's, mon, ye dinna understand? If ma bagpipes wor in good tune the inn mon wadna give me twa shillings to move on.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

The Chicago Record-Herald relates that William J. Burns, congratulated on his success in capturing the Muscia family, said to a New York reporter: It is all a matter of observation and analysis. To the good detective every slightest action speaks volumes. I, for example, was once looking for a widower. But life man I had under surveillance stoutly declared himself to be a bachelor. One morning however, I saw him pay a bill—and in doing so he turned his back to everybody in the room before taking out his pocketbook.

Instantly I laid one hand on his shoulder. Come with me, I said. You are no bachelor. You are a widower or a married man.

The ease with which corns and warts can be removed by Holloway's Corn Cure is its strongest recommendation. It seldom fails.

Small Robert had been given oyster stew for dinner. The oysters were unusually large and after peering into the bowl for some time he finally swallowed one. Laying down his spoon he said: Mamma, I don't like them big happy toads.

Willie, aged five, was one day sent away from the dinner table for misbehaviour. He went into the kitchen and the maid said:

Willie, I'd be ashamed to be sent away from the table, as big a boy as you are.

Well, that's what a fellow gets by being born in a preacher's family, rejoined the little fellow.

Two youthful artists having a studio in Philadelphia, wherein they not only work but lodge as well, were obliged to make shift, not long ago, during a period of financial stress, with such meals as they could themselves prepare in the studio.

One morning, as the younger of the two was "sketching in" the coffee, he gave utterance to loud and bitter complaint. This is a fine way for gentlemen to live! he exclaimed.

Oh, I don't know, was the airy complaint of his friend. Lots of people are far worse off. I was reading only this morning of a recluse who cooked his own breakfast for nineteen years.

He must have been awfully hungry when he finally got it done, rejoined the other, savagely.

Wilson—Why do you roll your cigarettes? Nelson—Well, old chap, I must take some exercise, you know!

EVER HAVE CRAMPS, NAUSEA, VOMITING?

THEN USE NERVILINE.

For Stomach Pains and Cramps, No Remedy so Prompt as Nerviline

A Western Experience Related.

"It's in an unsettled part of the country like our far West that proves how valuable Nerviline is in the home," writes Mr. Patrick M. Dehane, from Fort Saskatchewan. "Chills are frequent—a hot drink or Nerviline sends life circulating through the body in three minutes. Cramps or sudden illness at night is one of our terrors. No druggist or doctor is near, but if Nerviline is handy you can get relief. The worst cramps Nerviline has cured in my children in half a minute. I don't think any farmer's wife has any right to be without the protection of Nerviline. In our family we use it for a hundred ills, and it cures them all. One night one of my kiddies had earache and another toothache. Without Nerviline no one could have slept—I applied it as directed, and the children's pains disappeared. My husband uses Nerviline for lame back, rheumatism, aching joints and all sorts of muscular pains. It is as good inside as outside, and is as much a part of my home as my kitchen stove."

You find a thousand uses for a good family remedy like Nerviline. Get the 50c. family size bottle; it's more economical than the 25c. trial size. Sold by all storekeepers and druggists, or The Catarthozone Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Collector—Mr. Gibbs, I am sorry to have to ask you to pay this little bill. Gibbs—Are you, my boy? Well, I can sympathize with you from the bottom of my heart. I am sorry you have to ask me.

A Londoner owning a country place near the capital engaged a stable boy. During his last stay at the place the owned did not see the boy for several days. Finally, however, having special need of the lad, it occurred to him that the stable-hand was not exactly on the job. Where the deuce do you keep yourself? demanded the master of the place. I don't believe I've seen you since you were engaged. Have you been asleep all this time? Yes, sir, was the unexpected response. I thought that was what you wanted sir. What I wanted! exclaimed the employer, amazed. What are you driving at? Well, sir, explained the lad your advertisement said you wanted a boy of sixteen to sleep on the premises.

No Place for a Madero

Two of the Madero boys are in this country, one at St. John's Military academy, Delaware, Wis., and the other at Cornell. They are reported to be thinking seriously of remaining in the United States. If we were a member of the Madero family we shouldn't return to Mexico, even if we had money buried there.

Visitor—Now, Fred, if you can tell me what sale is noted for its great internal improvements I will give you a shilling.

Fred (triumphantly)—Castor oil. (He did not get the shilling).

NO RHEUMATISM LAST WINTER

Montreal Man Conquered his Old Enemy by using GIN PILLS

Mr. A. Beaudry of 597 Janet Street, Montreal, thus expresses his great satisfaction with GIN PILLS.

"It affords me great pleasure to inform you that I have used GIN PILLS for about six months, and that they have done me a great deal of good. I have had Rheumatism for a couple of years, and last winter I saved myself from it by using GIN PILLS."

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50. Sample free if you write National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 135

How Concrete Work Was Made Easy For You

UNTIL a few years ago farmers considered concrete a rather mysterious material, that could be used successfully only by experts. They knew that upon the quality of the cement depended much of the success of concrete work. They had no means of testing cement, such as big contractors employ, and so could not be sure of its quality.

Yet the farmer needed concrete.

He was kept from using this best and most economical of materials by

1. Lack of knowledge of how to mix and place concrete.
2. Lack of a brand of cement upon the quality of which he could absolutely rely.

Canada Cement

has supplied both these requirements.

We employed men to make a thorough investigation of the farmer's requirements; to find out where and how he could use concrete with profit to himself; to discover all problems he might come across and to solve them. This investigation was expensive. But when it was completed we had the material for our campaign to show the farmer how and where to use concrete, and we printed a book, "What the Farmer Can do With Concrete," for free distribution. That book makes every farmer who reads it a concrete expert, as far as his needs are concerned. He finds that there is nothing mysterious about concrete—that a few simple rules supply all the knowledge required.

At the same time we met the farmers' second objection—inability to test the quality of cement—by producing cement of a quality that does not need to be tested.

The Canada Cement that you buy by the bag is the same Canada Cement that is sold by the train-load for great elevators, buildings and bridges.

There is a Canada Cement Dealer in Your Neighborhood

If you have not already done so, write for the book "What the Farmer can do with Concrete." It is Free.

Canada Cement Company Limited
Montreal



This Label is your assurance of satisfactory concrete work

Because they act so gently (no purging or griping) yet so thoroughly

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

are best for the children as well as the grown-ups. 25c. a box at your druggist's. National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

HOME DYEING

Is CLEAN, and as SIMPLE as "A.B.C." NO chance of MISTAKES if you use

DY-O-LA

The Guaranteed "ONE DYE" for All Kinds of Cloth. TRY IT and prove it for yourself. Send for Free Color Card, Story Booklet, and Booklet giving results of Dyeing over other colors. The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.

REAL ESTATE PROFITS

We only handle property of sterling merit, on which we are prepared to guarantee profits. "Our WOODLAWN" ST. VITAL and "DEER LODGE" properties are good investments. We want a good agent to represent us in every town. For terms apply.

STEWART & WALKER, LTD.
Sterling Bank Building, Winnipeg
"Don't waste time writing if you do not mean business."

No Wonder

Brown (to Robinson, who is reading a telegram with a look of anguish on his face)—What's the matter, old fellow? Somebody dead?

Robinson (crushing telegram with both hands)—No, somebody alive; Twins!

Well, how did you succeed with your first diagnosis? Did you profit by my advice?

The Young Doctor—I think I did, sir. I told the patient that he was suffering from a combination of liver, stomach, heart, lung and brain trouble.

Old Practitioner Good! No chance of mistake there.

Now Stella, said the minister, who was dining with the family, to the little daughter, which would you rather be, beautiful or good?

Well, replied the little miss, I'd rather be beautiful, then I could repent later.

Constipation

is an enemy within the camp. It will undermine the strongest constitution and ruin the most vigorous health. It leads to indigestion, biliousness, impure blood, bad complexion, sick headaches, and is one of the most frequent causes of appendicitis. To neglect it is slow suicide. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills positively cure Constipation. They are entirely vegetable in composition and do not sicken, weaken or gripe. Preserve your health by taking

Dr. Morse's "Indian Root Pills"

PEOPLE'S



Sermon by
**CHARLES T.
RUSSELL**
Pastor Brooklyn
Tabernacle.

PULPIT.

CHRIST ASCENDED
AS HE DESCENDED

We Have Erred in Supposing His Flesh Ascended, Pastor Russell Explains.

Detroit, Mich., May 4.—Pastor Russell gave two addresses here to-day. We report the one on Christ's Ascension. His text was: "Thou hast ascended on High. Thou hast led captivity captive: Thou hast received gifts for men: yea, for the rebellious also, that the Lord God might dwell among them."—Psalm 68:18.

Pastor Russell declared that one of the serious errors engrafted into the Christian faith is the supposition that Jesus is still a man in Heaven. He declared that this thought has helped to turn away many from the faith in the premillennial coming of Christ, and the establishment of His Kingdom for blessing the world, as the Bible declares. Many Christians perceive that a localized reign of Christ in the flesh would be far inferior to a spiritual reign, and hence the general rejection of all faith in the Second Coming of Christ and His Millennial Kingdom.

He pointed out that all Christians firmly believe that Jesus was a spirit being before He was "made flesh, and dwelt among us." All believe also that a spirit being is of a higher order than a human being, and that Jesus made a great stoop when He laid aside the glory of His pre-human condition to become "the Man Christ Jesus." St. Paul's reference to this was quoted: "Though He was rich, yet for our sakes He became poor, that we through His poverty might become rich." He divested Himself of His glory and took upon Himself the seed of Abraham, and was "found in fashion as a man." A man is "a little lower than the angels"—even in His perfection.

The Pastor declared that no student of the Bible could suppose that the Heavenly Father has permanently degraded His Son from a station higher than angels to one lower than angels. Nobody believes this in his heart of hearts, and yet many profess this very thing. The ascension of Christ is claimed to prove it. It is absurd to suppose that with our Lord Jesus, accustomed to the spirit condition, and made flesh for the short space of thirty-three and a half years, could be otherwise than discomfited and seriously dishonored by the Father, if He now has a body of flesh.

The Pastor declared that mistaken views respecting the word "ascend" helped to confuse Christian people. The Apostle quoting and explaining his text, shows that Jesus' ascension is to be considered in conjunction with His descent. He that ascended is the same who thirty-four years before descended. Did the descending have any reference to the kind of body? Surely not! Then the ascending has no reference to the kind of body. The descending signified the humiliation, the leaving of spiritual glory, in order to be born in the flesh.

The life of the Logos was transferred from the spirit body and became the life germ of the babe, that He might become the Man Christ Jesus, and give Himself sacrificially for the sins of the world. Similarly, the begetting of the Holy Spirit came to Jesus at His baptism and during the next one half years He gradually constituted Him a spiritual Priest, whose work it was to "offer up Himself." That offering ended at Calvary, when He cried, "it is finished" and died.

When on the third day, the Father raised Him from the dead, it was the Priest that was raised to glory, honor and immortality, and not the animal, or human, body which He had sacrificed. As it is written, "A body hast Thou prepared Me" (for the suffering of death). That fleshly body was never intended to be an incumbrance throughout eternity, upon the Only Begotten of the Father. "He dieth no more," and therefore has no further use for the body of flesh.

What became of the fleshly body, the Pastor would not undertake to say. It was not seen in the tomb. We know it was the soul, not the body, that was raised to life. "Thou wilt not leave My soul in Sheol"—in Hades—the tomb. "Thou wilt not suffer Thine Holy One to see corruption."

We must remember three things in connection with this subject, said the Pastor. The followers of Jesus were required to have full faith (1) That Jesus was the Logos, who had descended from the spirit plane to the human; (2) That He had died sacrificially; (3) That God raised Him from the dead. Unless these points—that God raised Him from the dead, and that He ascended to Heaven, "where He was before," were fully established in the minds of the Apostles, they would not be in a fit condition to continue to be the disciples of Jesus. On the other hand, they were unable to receive spiritual things until after the spirit-begetting at Pentecost. Hence the instruction given them must necessarily be along earthly lines.

Let us suppose that Jesus had not appeared in the flesh after His resurrection. Suppose that He had appeared as He did to Saul of Tarsus—as a great light shining from Heaven, above the brightness of the sun, and spoken to them. What proof would they have had that it was the same Jesus who had died? How would the message of His resurrection and ascension be conveyed to their minds? Evidently it was necessary that some ocular demonstration should be made to constitute the basis for their faith, and ours.

Incidentally, there were given them various proofs that He was no longer a flesh being—that He had experienced a complete change of nature.

These proofs were His repeated manifestations to His disciples, during the forty days between His resurrection and His ascension. These appearances were so circumstanced as to leave no doubt that they were miracles, such as previously had been wrought when angels appeared in the flesh to mankind.

During the three and one half years of His ministry, Jesus had never appeared miraculously to His followers, had never vanished out of their sight. It is not a quality of human nature to appear in a room while the doors are shut, or to appear in the garb of a gardener, then in that of a traveler, and at other times bearing the wounds of His crucifixion. All these things demonstrated the great change which had occurred.

After the forty days were ended, Jesus ascended up where He was before. As His resurrection body was a spirit body, His ascending would not have been visible, had He not for their sakes appeared in a body of flesh and blood, and ascended with that body until a cloud received Him. Then the flesh-body, created for that special occasion, ceased to be. It was just as when an angel appeared to Manoah and his wife. After talking with them, the angel ascended in the flame of the altar, and the human body, created for the very purpose of the manifestation, dissolved into gases. So it was with Jesus.

Jesus' real ascension was His assumption of the Heavenly glory. The disciples saw very little of this, but what they did see fixed in their minds the great fact that their Redeemer would not manifest Himself in the flesh again. Our Lord ascended where He was before, except that, as the Apostle declares, He was received to superior distinction. He was seated at the right hand of Divine Majesty, as stated in the prophecy, "Sit Thou at My right hand until (the time come when) I will make Thy foes Thy footstool."—Psalm 110:1.

The Logos left His glory that He might deliver the world from the power of sin and death. The primary step necessary to this end was His own death, the just for the unjust. The time was set when Satan, the prince of this world, should be bound for a thousand years, and his captives in sin and death released. The only thing remaining to be done was that the Church class should be developed. The period for their development was so fixed that it should be accomplished by the time Satan's empire would be due to fall.

Having this in mind, we grasp the poetic declaration of our text—that Jesus ascended on High, leading a multitude of captives. First in the list of captives released were those disciples of Jesus who received Him at the First Advent, and who were received of the Father. Others of the same class have followed all down the Gospel Age—all conquerors of self, all victors through Christ.

The picture bids us look away down into the future, and for a thousand years see the thousands of millions of Adam's race returning from bonds of sin and death. It bids us realize that they will all have a full opportunity to recover the perfect human nature, the earthly image of the Divine Father—except such as shall refuse the liberty of the sons of God, and perish with Satan, as the adversaries of God.

St. Paul specified the gifts secured for the Church by her Redeemer, saying, "He gave some, Apostles; and some, prophets; and some, evangelists; and some, pastors and teachers; for the perfecting of the saints for the work of the ministry, for the edifying of the Body of Christ; till we all come in the unity of the faith, and of the knowledge of the Son of God, unto a perfect man, unto the measure of the stature of the fullness of Christ."—Ephesians 4:11-13.

These are the gifts of the Lord Jesus during the Gospel Age. After the Body of Christ has been perfected in the First Resurrection, the Lord's blessing will extend to the non-elect world, as indicated by the prophecy, "Yea, for the rebellious also."

The blessings yet to come to the world will be wonderful. They will include the binding of Satan for a thousand years, the restraining of all evil influences, and the inauguration of the Kingdom. The gifts of the Lord to the world will be, in part, His own Kingdom for a thousand years—the greatest boon, the greatest blessing, that could possibly be imagined.

Another gift of Christ to the world, will be the Church in glory. These then associated with the great Redeemer will be supervising earth's affairs, overthrowing everything that is contrary to Divine Love and Justice, and blessing all who come into full accord with the Lord.

Another channel of blessing to the world will be the Ancient Worthies, who will be made princes in all the earth. These will constitute the earthly phrase of the Heavenly Kingdom. Under the rule of righteousness every evil deed will be promptly punished, and every good deed will be promptly blessed and rewarded. "When the judgments of the Lord are abroad in the earth, the inhabitants will learn righteousness," and "Every knee shall bow and every tongue confess."

But we are especially interested in God's gifts to the Church, secured by our Redeemer's victory over sin and death. He made it possible for us to become His footstep followers, and

by suffering with Him to become joint-heirs in His Kingdom. Then He gave us the various gifts for our development. Not all appreciate the gifts of the remote past. Not all realize that the writings of the Apostles constitute the Key to the Bible.

Jesus' words were not so intended. They were therefore uttered in parables and dark sayings. Jesus' teachings are made luminous to us through the Holy Spirit given to the Apostles, just as Jesus promised. (John 16:13.) This was accomplished, not by a miraculous operation upon each individual, but through the gifts of the Spirit.

Of the gifts specified some were general; others were particular. Thus the Church still has the gift of teaching given to the Apostles for our blessing. Thus we still have pastors and teachers, to assist the Church to an understanding of the Divine Word and to the proving of all things by that Word. And this was to continue until all the Church shall have been edified, built up, and the Body of Christ shall have been completed. Moreover, each member of the Body has need of this edifying work, that he may be qualified for his place in the Body. According to the Apostle's explanation all these gifts of the Spirit are of the Lord, exercised throughout this Gospel Age under the supervision of our glorious Head and Master—Jesus.

Other gifts of the Spirit were local and temporary; gifts of miracles, tongues, interpretations, etc. The early Church contained not many great, wise or learned. Few of them would have been capable of reading the Bible, if they had had one. Few, if any, of the little classes, were possessors of the Old Testament Scriptures. These could be heard read every Sabbath in the synagogues, but not otherwise. They were kept very sacredly guarded, and especially were they refused to heretics, as the Jews thought the Christians to be.

The New Testament Scriptures, we must remember, were not written until a considerable time after Pentecost, and it was not until the close of the first century that they began to be collated, and two or three centuries before the question was finally decided which Books should constitute the canon of the New Testament.

We may suppose that even then these were reverence more as heirlooms than as the only existing divinely inspired authority. The doctrine of Apostolic succession came in about that time. Not having Scripture, and realizing that the power to work miracles had descended as a kind of legacy from our Lord to the Apostles, many were led to believe this doctrine almost instinctively, and to rank the living bishops as equal to the Twelve Apostles.

Moreover, to receive instruction from a living teacher is always easier than to receive it from the study of a book. Therefore the writings of the Apostles—and indeed of all the Bible—fell into disuse to the injury of the Household of Faith. A greater appreciation of the gift which the Lord had poured out upon His followers—the Holy Spirit and the fruits which that Spirit developed, joy, peace, faith, love, etc.—would have kept them from such error. They would have been more appreciative of the inspired Record, and correspondingly less appreciative of the uninspired words of all other men.

We see, however, that under existing conditions at that time—the absence of Scriptural writings—the gifts bestowed at Pentecost (visible manifestations of supernatural power) were very essential to the early Church. Well would it have been for them and their successors if, after having made use of these miraculous manifestations at the beginning of the Age, and being prepared by them for the written Word, they had further appreciated the importance of the Word of the Lord through the inspired Apostles. This would have guarded them from grievous errors which are still troubling the Lord's followers.

Quite a distinction is to be observed between the gifts of the Spirit and the fruits of the Spirit. The gifts were those miraculous powers already explained, and the special gifts of Apostolic qualification. But these gifts gradually passed away, as God had foreknown. Instead, the Lord looked for the fruits of the Spirit, which the loyal and obedient are to cultivate.

All who have received the impartation of the Lord's Spirit are expected to manifest the fruits of His Spirit, even as those who first received the gifts were expected to use them. The fruits most evidently are higher gifts in God's estimation, and should be in ours. Earnestly let us desire the fruits of the Spirit. These are the results also of the great gift bestowed after Jesus had ascended. They are indirect gifts, however. In giving us a knowledge of the Truth, through the merit of Jesus, the Father prepared the way by which we might develop these fruits, and thus become copies of His Son.

Retires in Verse.

After telling his fellow-members of the Aspatia Urban Council that he was not seeking re-election at the forthcoming contest, Mr. John Patkinson recited the following lines at the last meeting of the council: Farewell, my friends; farewell, my loss!

My peace to these, my love to those,
No earthly tongue the tale can tell,
How long I've wished to say farewell.

Trying to Revive Suttie.

Three cases of "suttie"—self-immolation of a faithful Hindu wife after the death of her husband—are reported in Calcutta.

In one case a woman threw herself on the funeral pyre of her husband and was seriously burned. Two other women both saturated their clothes with oil and set fire to themselves, with fatal results.

Good Evidence.

"Do you really think that your sister is making such a match with the baron?"

"Judging by the great number of anonymous letters addressed to her, I should say so!"

BANANA DESSERTS.

These Recipes Are Delicious and Bound to Be Liked.

Banana Charlotte.—Line the bottom of a plain mold with a layer of lemon jelly and decorate with strips of neatly cut angelica and candied cherries. Trim the required number of lady fingers and line the sides of the mold so that they fit closely. Beat up three eggs in a basin and stir in two cupsful of boiling milk, sweetened with three tablespoonfuls of sugar. Return this to the saucepan, add one heaping tablespoonful of powdered gelatin which has been dissolved in half a cupful of boiling water, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract and stir over the fire with a wooden spoon until it thickens. Remove from the fire, add the pulp of four ripe bananas and when cool fold in one cupful of whipped cream. Just before the mixture sets pour it into the prepared mold and place it on ice to firm. Unmould the shape carefully on a cold dish and serve.

Banana Tartlets.—Soak eight tablespoonfuls of chopped coconut in sufficient milk to cover, beat up till smooth and the thickness of batter, then add three tablespoonfuls of melted butter, four beaten yolks of eggs, half a cupful of whipped cream, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract and the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs. Peel twelve bananas and rub them through a sieve, then add to the mixture. Line gem pans with pastry and fill with the mixture; bake in a hot oven for ten minutes. Beat up the whites of two eggs until stiff, then add half a pound of confectioner's sugar and one tablespoonful of cornstarch and mix well together. Put a thin layer over the tartlets and put them in the oven to dry.

Banana Custard.—Peel six bananas and pass through a sieve; add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, four well beaten eggs, two cupfuls of milk and one teaspoonful of lemon extract; pour into a buttered fireproof dish and bake till set in a moderate oven. When cold ornament with cherries cut in halves.

AN EFFECTIVE WRAP.

It Is Quite Strikingly Draped Below the Hip Line.

The dark blue velvet which forms a collar and border trimming in this wrap of shrimp pink brocade is a most



IN SHRIMP PINK BROCADE.

effective note, the rich blue color harmonizing well also with the delicate shrimp pink of the brocade.

Short wraps of this sort are the craze just now, and the drapery of this garment at the hip is decidedly modish.

Ways to Save.

A cloth dipped in ammonia will often remove the stains from the collar of an overcoat.

Whip cream in a pitcher instead of a bowl to do it in half the time and without spluttering.

Paraffin rubbed on the heels of stockings will cause them to last much longer without wearing out.

To clean plaster ornaments, busts, vases, etc., dip in clear starch mixed with water. When dry brush off.

Stick a pin through the cork of every bottle that contains poison, and this may save tragic mistakes when seeking medicines in the dark.

Japanese Wall Paper.

It is said that mikado wall papers with the dainty Japanese treatment will be popular this season, when the new attractions in wall papers have been launched, which is generally in the early spring. The black background papers are very decorative and are rapidly gaining favor here. Following this come the beautiful tapestry effects in wall paper.

Stiffening Old Hairbrushes.

Old hairbrushes which have become soft can be made quite hard and firm by dipping them in a strong solution of alum.

THE MILITANT CHIEF.

Mrs. Pankhurst Has a Long Record of Prison Terms.

Regardless of whether equal suffrage is good or bad, no woman occupies a more prominent place in current history than Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, by far the most prominent figure in the turbulent campaigns waged by Englishwomen for the right to vote.

Her sentence to three years at hard labor on a charge of inciting a bomb explosion at the home of David Lloyd-George followed her sixth arrest. Each of the other five arrests grew out of an attempt to serve "the cause."

In February, 1903, Mrs. Pankhurst was sentenced to six weeks' imprisonment for leading a raid on the House of Commons. She served the whole sentence.

In October, 1903, she was sentenced for three months for inciting to riot. She was released a few weeks before the sentence expired.

Two years later she was arrested while heading a deputation of 400 women who were demanding an interview with the Prime Minister. No charge was preferred, however, and she was released.

When militancy began to mark the suffragists' operations early in 1912 Mrs. Pankhurst was sentenced to two months' imprisonment for window smashing.

While she was serving that sentence she and her daughter, Miss Christabel Pankhurst, with Pethick Lawrence and Mrs. Pethick Lawrence, were charged with conspiracy in connection with the general window smashing raid on Oxford, Regent and Bond street shops, London.

Miss Pankhurst escaped arrest and went into exile in France. The others were sentenced to nine months' imprisonment.

Mrs. Pankhurst went on a hunger strike, and after five weeks all three were released.

Last February Mrs. Pankhurst was arrested on a charge of "inciting to commit malicious destruction of property" in connection with the bomb explosion at Lloyd-George's new home at Walton Heath. She was committed for the May assizes of the Surrey county court, but refused to promise good behavior and was sent to Holloway jail.

Shortly afterward the case was transferred to the central criminal court, London, and set for the April assizes.

Mrs. Pankhurst's sentence, April 3, did not dismay her or her followers. While other suffragists rioted in the courtroom she was led away declaring that she would soon be out of prison, dead or alive.

She went on a hunger strike immediately on entering prison, according to her jailers, calmly refusing to eat the food that was placed in her cell. Rumors that she was forcibly fed have been denied by the prison officials.

A startling subsequent incident was the receipt of an anonymous letter, threatening death, by Justice Sir Charles Montague Lush, who imposed the three year sentence on Mrs. Pankhurst. The letter was turned over to Scotland Yard, and a strong body-guard was at once assigned to accompany Justice Lush when he left his home or his courtroom.

Ancient Grain.

An account of the attempts to grow corn from wheat grains discovered in the tombs of Egyptian mummies is given in "Knowledge." All these attempts have failed, and recent researches suggest that, while the power of germination in wheat or barley is little affected for five years, after that period a rapid loss of vitality sets in. Considerable chemical change was detected in the mummy wheat, which is probably 3,400 years old. It had lost two per cent. of its moisture, and with that its vitality. When crushed the flour was very irritating to the nostrils, and smelt strongly of bitumen—the preservative used to embalm the mummy. It was also markedly acid. Examined under the microscope its particles differed entirely from those of modern wheat. When treated with water it gave a thin paste without any strength of dough.

Cat 27 Years Old.

Tiger, the remarkable cat of the Great Eastern Railway Co.'s goods sheds at Peterborough, Eng., who is reputed to be about twenty-seven years old, is peacefully ending a life crowded with rat extermination and other happy incidents. Few cats live much beyond fourteen or fifteen years. During her long life Tiger is said to have killed thousands of rats. She is a light tabby, and came to the sheds for refuge during a fire at a timber yard close by over twenty-six years ago, having been driven from her home in a timber-stack by the flames. When she died she will leave a numerous progeny of over 200 to succeed her.

Cannibals Dying Out.

The People of the Solomons (the Cannibal Islands) are rapidly decreasing in numbers. Dr. W. Thorold Quille, medical officer in the islands, declares that the decrease in population is due to the fact that tribal warfare has ceased and the natives no longer kill one another. This warfare used to keep the native "fit" and energetic. Now they have become lazy and inert, and the race is fast deteriorating, and seems likely to die out in course of time.

Bonus For Farm Workers.

Lord Rayleigh, who employs 250 men on his Essex farms, some time ago introduced a bonus system to encourage his employees to invest their savings in the farms. The sum of £3,700 now stands to their credit, and the amount for the year just closed to be paid in bonuses, profits, and interest came to £1,600.

Rome's Germardizing.

The decline of a nation commences when germardizing begins. Rome's collapse was well under way when slaves were thrown into the eel pits to increase the flavor of the eels.

SPRING CLEANING.

Now Is the Time to Consider Its Many Problems.

SOME THINGS THAT HELP.

Work Made Easy if Gone About Systematically—Kitchen Closets and Pantry Require First Attention. Sweep Carpets With.

Begin the work of thoroughly cleaning a room by dusting and rubbing up all the articles of furniture which may easily be removed from the room. Pictures and ornaments should be taken down and dusted and put aside. If the curtains and draperies are not easily removable they should be looped aside or else be covered as well as possible with large squares of muslin, which are kept for this purpose. The heavier pieces of furniture also should be covered.

Where there is no vacuum cleaner the ordinary corn broom will answer very well.

Always sweep with the pile of the carpet, never across or against it.

After the room has been thoroughly swept slip a clean flannel cover over the broom and proceed to brush ceiling and walls. The rule is to work from above downward.

After the walls are brushed the woodwork should be gone over with dusters. If there are any finger marks they should be removed first. This may be done very effectively with a cloth dipped in kerosene and then wiped dry. Never use this near fire.

The curtains may be brushed or shaken, and then the windows should be cleaned. Wipe the shades, using a very clean cloth for this work.

The sheets which cover the furniture remaining in the room should now be removed completely and the furniture dusted and rubbed up where necessary. It should not require polishing—that is, if average care is taken of it—often than twice during a season. Clean mirrors and the glass doors of bookcases. The chandeliers must not be overlooked. The metal parts may be wiped with a cloth dipped in cottonseed oil and then wiped dry.

The pictures and ornaments may now be replaced, and then turn your attention to the floor.

If this requires a thorough polishing, which is hardly likely, wipe over with a cloth dipped in the crude oil and alcohol mixture, taking precautions, of course, not to run any risk from fire, and then follow this up with a clean, dry cloth, rubbing vigorously. A weighted polisher may be used for this work. This may easily be made at home, using a brick or an old felloe with a flannel covering. Never use water on a hardwood polished floor. The result will be most disastrous to the finish.

Before cleaning a bedroom remove the bedding and if it is possible put it out to air. After straightening closets and drawers cover the large pieces of furniture as was done in the library. Remove the mattress cover and spread a sheet of muslin over the bed. Take up the small rugs. With a light stick or a rattan carpet beater beat the mattress. The sheet which covers it should be moistened to hold down the dust. Both sides must be beaten. If the mattress can be beaten out of doors it should be done.

In the kitchen the closets and pantry will require first attention. The shelves should be thoroughly washed and allowed to dry before the utensils are replaced. This is a good time to take note of the contents of jars and boxes, making a list of those supplies which are running low.

The walls around sink and range may require washing, as they are more apt to become soiled than the other parts of the room.

The range should be given a thorough polishing once in two weeks. This will be found quite often enough, provided a little care is taken of it day by day.

The Guest Book.

Among the old customs that have been revived is that of having a special book in the home in which is inscribed the name of each guest who spends a night or more under one's roof, and some people even put down those who take a meal there and those who call.

The guest may inscribe his name himself, thereby leaving his autograph, or the host or hostess, if preferred, may write it himself or herself, so that the writing will be uniform throughout the book.

Books designed especially for this purpose may be found in the stationery shops, bound inexpensively in cloth or leather. But if one desires to spend a little more money and make the guest book quite original and a thing of beauty one may have a hand tooled cover, hammered brass or copper hinges and even a key to make it look like the ancient ones that were used in olden times.

For Hanging Pictures.

When a wall is so soft that it will not hold a picture nail mix a little plaster of paris in a teacup, enlarge the hole to a fair size and insert the plaster and, a minute after, the nail and let it dry. The nail will be perfectly secure after it has dried.

Cleaning Windows.

If windows are cleaned with vinegar and water they will be brighter and stay clean longer than if cleaned with water alone. Polish in the usual way with soft linen cloth.

AUTOMOBILES

With the advent of 1913 many new cars are noted on the Canadian markets. Both new and old show many refinements and improvements over 1912.

McLAUGHLIN-BUICK builders have made good their claim to a country built car.

A car built for our none-to-good Canadian roads.

A car fitted with all the latest improvements.

The prices are moderate.

Careful comparison is invited with the higher priced cars and especially with cheap cars whose makers base their extravagant claims of present worth on what their cars have not, instead of what they have.

We also have some excellent values in rebuilt cars repainted and overhauled.

Call or write for price lists.

McLEOD BROS., Gleichen

EYESIGHT

We have made arrangements with the Taube Optical Co., of Calgary and Vancouver, for their eye-sight specialist, Mr. S. L. Taube, who has had forty two years experience in the optical business, to be at our store on THURSDAY, JULY 17th.

If there is anything wrong with your eyesight, do not fail to consult him.

All work is guaranteed absolutely as tested.

YATES DRUG STORE

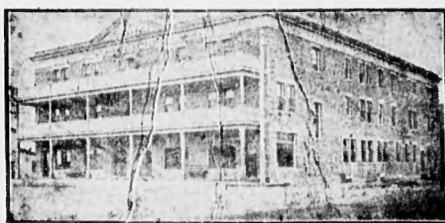


FORGING A GOOD SHOE
into proper shape is a trick that we thoroughly understand. If you'll bring your horse here you'll find that we carry our knowledge into active practice. Furthermore, we charge you only moderately for our materials, skill, experience and work.

J. H. RILEY
Gleichen, - - Alberta

THE PALACE HOTEL

EUROPEAN PLAN
BROSSEAU BROS., PROPRIETORS



FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT

—OUR MOTTO:—

"HONEST WORK"

—AND—

"HONEST PRICES"

No Job too Large or too Small.

Horseshoeing and Plow Work our Specialty.

Repair Work of All Kinds promptly attended to.

The Vulcan Iron Works

Blacksmiths and Machinists

Nearly everybody in Gleichen complete list of Gleichen's winners visited the Calgary exhibition last year for this issue, and not a few won prizes. Unfortunately we are unable to get a Thursday.

TOWN AND DISTRICT

Last night Strathmore won the baseball by a score of 3 to 6.

Dr. and Mrs. McIntyre are the happiest residents of Gleichen and all over the arrival of a daughter on Thursday, July 3rd, at Calgary.

Remember the date of Mr. Taube's visit to Yates' Drug Store on Thursday, July 17th, and if there is anything wrong with your eyesight do not fail to consult him.

Dr. Farquharson left last week for his former home in Charlottetown, P. E. I., to visit his parents, having received a telegram that his mother was dangerously ill. He hopes to return within a few weeks.

Eighty-five per cent of headaches are caused through eye-strain, and if you are troubled that way do not fail to consult Mr. Taube at Yates' drug store on Thursday, July 17th.

A heavy fine was imposed last week on a man charged with cruelty to animals. It was an extreme case, yet the police and magistrates would give a timely warning to others that they will not be allowed to abuse their horses or cattle. This is the first case of its kind in a long time to be brought up in Gleichen, which would seem to show that as a rule, the people of this district are kind to dumb animals. Let us hope that the good reputation will be sustained.

Joseph Rouche returned last week to Gleichen after spending four years in the United States navy on board the war-ship "Tennessee" and has been busy since greeting his many friends here. Joe says he has seen quite a lot of the world since he left here, but he is now happy to be at home once more with his father and mother and brothers and sisters on the farm. Building fences, plowing and all other farm work suits him very nicely and he hopes soon to become a farmer of this district.

Chief Engineer Marcer, who has charge of the building of the C. P. R. cut-off from Gleichen to Shepard, was in town yesterday and stated the grading of the first section from Shepard eastward was nearing completion and he fully expected that trains would be running over it before the end of August and in time to haul this year's harvest crop. From this end he said Mr. Goodman was making excellent progress, but the heavy work on the line came in the center section, and he did not expect that the road would be in operation before the first of October.

Yesterday the Pacific Cold Storage Co. shipped another three carloads of fine cattle to Calgary, which were a very fine bunch of steers. Inadvertently the CALL overlooked an exceptional fine shipment the P. C. S. Company made to the Klondyke recently. There were 50 steers in the shipment and gave an average weight of 1,700 pounds each, while one fine big fellow turned the scales at 2,020 pounds. Local stockmen admitted this shipment to be the very best they have ever seen made from Alberta, and highly complimented Manager Bartsch on it.

Monday Mr. Wm. Trend arrived in Gleichen and surprised a number of his old-time friends by introducing to them, Mrs. Trend. Some weeks ago "Billy," as his many intimate friends address him, left for the east, and all thought he was on one of his regular trips to purchase horses and cattle. But this time they were mistaken, for he journeyed all the way to Chicago, and on June 25th was wedded to Miss L. J. Groom, a charming young lady of that city. The happy couple then started on their honeymoon trip to Sunny Southern Alberta, stopping at several of the important western cities before reaching Gleichen to visit his well-known "3T" ranch north of town. After spending a short time here, they will make their home permanently in Calgary, but Mr. Trend will continue to operate his ranch and do most of his business in this district. The CALL joins his many friends in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Trend a long and happy life.

Friends of Charles Marshall will be pleased to learn that he has so far recovered as to be able to be brought to his home here. For the past two weeks he has been a patient in a Calgary hospital, where he underwent a very trying operation. The fire boys and his many friends will be pleased to learn the Chief's prospect of complete recovery is excellent and in a few weeks he will be at the head of the brigade once more.

Gleichen's Meteorological Report

The following weather report is supplied by J. W. Jowett, who is officially appointed by the Dominion Government:

	MAX.	MIN.
July 2.....	70	45
3.....	67	43
4.....	71	51
5.....	76	45
6.....	83	49
7.....	83	46
8.....	67	44

Brooks Wins Baseball Match

The base ball game, Gleichen vs. Brooks, scheduled for July 3rd, was played Saturday, July 5th at Brooks, under very distressing conditions.

Manager J. O. Bogstie and Secretary Stokoe, together with ten players, left for Brooks at 4 p. m. July 3rd, in three autos. Arrived in Cluny on schedule time, but from there on obstacles presented themselves in huge clusters. First mudholes—through which the joy riders were compelled to walk (and thanks to the skillful way in which the cars were handled, but little inconvenience can be attributed to this.) But the Alberta canaries, called mosquitoes by strangers, immediately set to work to begin the rout that was to be completed at Brooks.

When nearing Bassano, the car driven by Dave Yule skidded on a side hill, blew out a tire, and settled itself on two wheels, after nearly scaring the occupants to death. That settled one car, and the trip to Bassano was completed in the two remaining cars, one driven by Jack Burr, the other by W. J. Service Jr. Another car was procured together with a driver (?). The manager, upon failing to perceive any progress, took the wheel himself, and thereafter made good time to Brooks, arriving there at 9 p. m., too late to play and almost too late to eat.

Now for the game itself: It started out by J. McArthur trying to break the strikeout record, he striking out 7 men in the first two innings, while Gleichen scored two runs and Brooks one. Score remained so until the seventh inning, when McArthur weakened, and together with poor playing by R. McArthur, Wade, and Tarrant, coupled with three hits, the score at the end of the eighth stood: Brooks 6, Gleichen 2. In the ninth inning the Gleichen boys fell on the Brooks pitcher for 3 runs, the last man being called out at second base on a throw from the pitcher, after a very bad balk. And thus ended the game; score: Gleichen 5, Brooks 6.

The Gleichen players would appreciate a few lines in the CALL in regard to a Brooks player named Skinner. This player intentionally spiked R. McArthur and Wilson, and otherwise showed a decided inclination to indulge in dirty ball. He should be forced either to quit this kind of dirt, or else quit the game.

MISCELLANEOUS

Small Ads under this heading cost 50 cents for first insertion and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. No charge is made, unless the number of issues are given with each order and are in full in until ordered out and charged for in full.

FOR SALE—5 Passenger Overland car. Perfect running order, fully equipped. Will trade for stock.—Y. P. Muir, Gleichen.

LOST—Bay colt gelding three years old. Branded 55 on right shoulder. \$5 reward for return to W. Hayes, 4 miles north of Gleichen.

ESTRAY—Bay mare about 12 years old, weight about 850 pounds. Has small white spot on end of nose. Branded crowfoot on left shoulder and N4 on left thigh. Good saddle mare. Return to D. C. Westhart at Gleichen; Ostin Brown at Queenstown, or to Jos Hester.

THE BUSY STORE



The time of the Gem Jar has come around once more, bringing up the problem of

..Preserved Fruits..

While we sell enormous quantities of Jams, preserves, jellies, etc, nothing can touch the Home put up goods.

Gem Jars were scarce last season. To prevent a panic in this respect, we have stocked heavy. All that is necessary is to leave your orders for fruit with the Busy Store—anything required we can procure.

The season of each variety is short. Keep in touch with us, we can secure your wants. And our prices will meet any quotations.

Pure Cane Sugar does the rest. See

J. A. Ramsay

McKie & Henderson

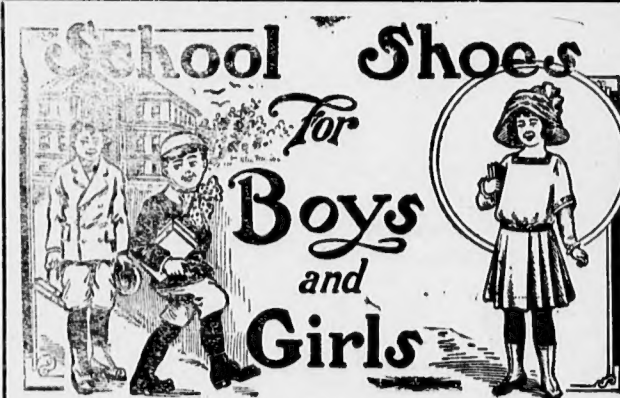


YOUR HOUSE

should be insured. Only the man who fails to give this important subject the proper thought and deliberation fails to act. It is that man we want to reach with our arguments. We want you to appreciate the vital necessity of taking out a policy of fire insurance with us right NOW.

REAL ESTATE

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance



We will be very glad to show you a good line of shoes for your Boys' and Girls' school wear.

If in need of anything in Children's shoes, come and see the most complete stock in town.

Take Advantage of our Adults' Shoe Stock

Ladies' Footwear—A Special House Slipper and shoes easy for the feet.

Dress Boots, Shoes and Pumps in Tan, Gunmetal and Patent.

Gents' Footwear—Special in Men's Heavy Working Boots.

Dress Boots and Shoes in Tan, Gunmetal and Patent.

"Don't forget that Our Grocery Stock is always fresh"

